Guiding Principles

The Florida Reading Endorsement Competencies are aligned with evidence-based instructional and intervention strategies grounded in the science of reading. The competencies address identification of the characteristics of conditions such as dyslexia, implementation of evidence-based classroom instruction and interventions including evidence-based reading instruction and interventions specifically for students with characteristics of dyslexia, and effective progress monitoring. The elements of Florida's Formula for Success are integrated throughout the Reading Endorsement Competencies by focusing on six components of reading (oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension), four types of assessment (screening, progress monitoring, diagnostic, summative), core instruction for all students (Tier 1), targeted interventions for students in need of supplemental support (Tier 2) and intensive interventions for students substantially below grade level in reading (Tier 3).

Teachers will understand and deliver evidence-based reading instruction and interventions specifically designed for students with reading difficulties, including students with characteristics of dyslexia. Evidence-based reading instruction and intervention includes the use of explicit, systematic and sequential approaches to reading instruction developing phonological and phonemic awareness, decoding, and implementing multisensory intervention strategies. Teachers will teach reading as an ongoing strategic process resulting in students comprehending diverse text.

Teachers will apply their knowledge of the Reading Endorsement Competency Performance Indicators to support standards-aligned instruction in reading and writing. Teachers will understand that all students have instructional needs and apply the systematic problem-solving process: use data to accurately identify a problem, analyze the problem to determine why it is occurring, design and implement instruction/interventions, and evaluate the effectiveness of instruction/interventions. Teachers will understand that the problem-solving process is recursive and ongoing, utilized for effective instructional decision making.

A comprehensive glossary is included. The glossary terms are identified throughout the Reading Endorsement Competencies with bold text.



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Instructions for Completion

The Florida Reading Endorsement Matrix provides a means for school districts, institutions of higher education and other entities that provide reading endorsement courses to document the alignment of their coursework to the competencies and indicators adopted by the State Board of Education in July 2022 pursuant to 6A-4.0163, Florida Administrative Code. Below are step-by-step directions for completing the fillable matrix. Note that all items in the directions **must** be addressed to adequately complete the Reading Endorsement Matrix.

Column 1: Course Number & Name of Course

- Provide the **course number** and the **name of the course** used to satisfy a corresponding indicator.
- Districts will provide the component number for district-approved in-service offerings.
- More than one course may be used. Indicators in a competency can be satisfied in the same course; however, this is not required.

Column 2: Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language

• The Reading Endorsement **indicator codes** and specific **indicator language** are listed in the second column. These should **not** be modified.

Column 3: Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment

- The curriculum study assignment(s) at the indicator level with built-in formative assessment used to satisfy the indicator *must* be described in the third column of the matrix.
- Assignments **should state specific activities** that will be accomplished by the teacher/teacher candidate rather than simply restating the indicator.
- One assignment may cover multiple indicators, but it **must be clear** how the teacher/teacher candidate will be asked to demonstrate mastery of each indicator covered by the assignment.
- Within Competencies 2-4, if the indicator reflects that there should be application by the teacher/teacher candidate (through the use of verbs such as apply, model, provide, etc.), the description should include how this will be accomplished. It is highly recommended that application-based activities are implemented with students, but not required. These activities can also be accomplished through tasks such as peer modeling, recording a lesson or applying the knowledge to a lesson plan or case study.

- The curriculum study assignment(s) **should include required course reading(s)** that will help build an understanding of the corresponding indicators in each section. This should include the title of any required reading resources, author, chapter and links used, as applicable. Any links that are included should be active.
- The curriculum study assignment(s) used to satisfy the indicator **must be described**. The description should be thorough and complete and align with the indicator. It should be **clear** to those reviewing the matrix from afar that the assignment completed by the teacher/teacher candidate will lead to accomplishment of knowledge and/or skills needed to master the indicator.
- Competency 5 **requires** that teachers/teacher candidates work with students in the field. It is a culminating experience and may be infused into an internship. This competency **may not** be infused into courses where teachers/teacher candidates are working to meet other reading competencies and indicators.
- Specify if referring to students in the field or teacher candidates. **Refrain** from using the word "students" when referring to teacher candidates.
- Provide a **built-in formative assessment** which **correlates to each curriculum study assignment.** The formative assessment serves to validate that the teacher/teacher candidate has met the indicator. The assessment does not need to be lengthy or formal but should correlate directly to the indicator and provide clear evidence that the indicator has been met.
- Examples of formative assessments might include written tests, quizzes, written summaries, lesson plans, exit tickets, notes from small group discussion, etc.

Column 4: Summative Assessment(s)

- **Provide a description** of the summative assessment(s) that will be used to validate that the teacher/teacher candidate has met each competency.
- Each of the Competencies 1-5 should have a unique summative assessment producing five total assessments.

Sample Florida Reading Endorsement Matrix

The following sample Reading Endorsement Matrix for Competencies 1 and 2 with Performance Indicators Oral Language and Phonological Awareness is provided, as an example only, to support understanding of types of information and level of detail needed for the matrix completion.

	Sample Competency 1 Foundations of Reading Instruction Performance Indicator A: Oral Language		
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
<u>Click or tap here</u> <u>to enter text.</u>	1.A.2 Understand the differences between social and academic language .	Required Course Reading(s):Sample: Read chapter 3 of xxx by xxx.Curriculum Study Assignment at IndicatorLevel: Sample: While reading chapter 3,teacher candidates will take notes using a "TChart" graphic organizer, comparing social andacademic language, then participate in adiscussion with peers regarding their learning.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	Sample: Teacher candidates will participate in a cumulative exam assessing oral language foundations of reading instruction. The exam will require teacher candidates to respond to multiple choice, true or false and open response questions.
		Sample: Teacher candidates will write a summary paragraph explaining the differences between social and academic language.	

		mple Competency 2 dence-based Instructional Practices	
	Performance	ce Indicator A: Oral Language	
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
<u>Click or tap here</u> <u>to enter text.</u>	2.A.2 Create an environment where students practice appropriate social and academic language to discuss diverse texts.	Required Course Reading(s): Sample: Read chapter 3 of xxx by xxx.Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Sample: Teacher candidates will choose 8 diverse texts. For each text, teacher candidates will develop one sentence stem using social language and one sentence stem using academic language to discuss each diverse text.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Sample: Teacher candidates will create a small group reading center for students to practice appropriate social and academic language to discuss diverse texts.	 Sample: Teacher candidates will create an oral language project to implement with students, which applies evidence-based instructional practices. The oral language project will document understanding of: Applying intentional, explicit, systematic and sequential instructional practices for scaffolding Creating an environment where students practice appropriate social and academic language to discuss diverse text Incorporating word building and writing experiences Providing and documenting opportunities for extended discussion in discerning text meaning and interpretation

	i	 Applying an English learner's home language proficiency and scaffold discussions to facilitate the comprehension of text. Administering and documenting appropriate informal and formal assessments The oral language project should include differentiated instruction, including evidence-based practices for students with
		based practices for students with reading difficulties and
		characteristics of dyslexia, based
		on their strengths and needs.

Sample Competency 1 Foundations of Reading Instruction Performance Indicator B: Phonological Awareness			
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
<u>Click or tap here</u> <u>to enter text.</u>	 1.B.3 Understand evidence-based and multisensory practices to develop students' phonemic awareness (e.g., Elkonin boxes or magnetic letters). 	Required Course Reading(s): Sample: Read the article: Evidence-Based Practices for Teaching Phonological and Phonemic Awareness:	Sample: Teacher candidates will write a 500 word essay explaining phonological awareness foundations of

https://jac.od.gov/peop/adlahs/regions/appala	reading. The access will include
https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/edlabs/regions/appala	reading. The essay will include
chia/blogs/pdf/CoachingMemo_508.pdf	information about:
	The differences between
Sample: View the video Reading Rockets:	phonological awareness and
Elkonin Sound Boxes (small group)	phonemic awareness
https://youtu.be/Pzg5jRy1PwE	• The importance of phonemic
	awareness in the
Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	development of phonic
Level: Sample: Teacher candidates will	decoding skills
participate in mock evidence-based phonemic	 Evidence-based and
awareness activities using Elkonin boxes.	multisensory practices
	Information on how
Formative Assessment at Indicator Level	variations in phonology
Sample: The teacher candidate will write a	across dialects and speech
paragraph summarizing how evidence-based	patterns can affect
and multisensory practices develop students'	phonemic awareness as it
phonemic awareness.	relates to language
	development, reading and
	written and oral language
	 Understanding that
	evidence-based phonics
	instruction improves
	phonemic awareness and
	results in enhanced
	encoding and decoding skills
	Understanding the
	distinguishing characteristics
	of students with reading
	difficulties, including
	students with dyslexia, and

	how they affect phonemic awareness
	• Evidence-based practices for
	teaching phonemic
	awareness to English
	learners
	• The role of phonological
	awareness informal and
	formal assessment

	Sample Competency 2 Application of Evidence-based Instructional Practices		
Performance Indicator B: Phonological Awareness Course Number & Indicator Code with Name of Course Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment Summative Assessment			
<u>Click or tap here</u> <u>to enter text.</u>	2.B.3 Provide opportunities using evidence-based and multisensory practices for students to develop phonemic awareness (e.g., Elkonin boxes or magnetic letters).	Required Course Reading(s): Sample: Readthe article: Evidence-Based Practices forTeaching Phonological and PhonemicAwareness:https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/edlabs/regions/appalachia/blogs/pdf/CoachingMemo_508.pdfSample: View the video Reading Rockets:Elkonin Sound Boxes (small group)https://youtu.be/Pzg5jRy1PwE	 Sample: The teacher candidate will create a phonological awareness unit that includes: Explicit, systematic and sequential evidence-based instructional practices for phonemic awareness Multisensory activities Addresses how variations in phonology across dialects affect the development of

Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Sample: Conduct research to find another example of a multisensory approach	 phonemic awareness and written and oral language Strategies for enhancing
to teaching phonemic awareness.	encoding and decoding
	Instructional practices for
Formative Assessment at Indicator Level	students with reading
Sample: The teacher candidate will write a	difficulties, including
lesson plan that teaches the multisensory	students with dyslexia and
approach from their research.	English Language Learners
	Formal and informal
	phonological assessments

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Competency 1 Introduction

Competency 1 encompasses the reading process with a focus on developing emergent literacy skills and progressing through the phases of word reading, resulting in comprehension as the final outcome. Teachers will develop substantive understanding of six components of reading as a process: oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary and comprehension. The total inventory of Performance Indicators (A-G) satisfies Competency 1. (60 In-service hours)

	Competency 1 Foundations of Reading Instruction Performance Indicator A: Oral Language		
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
01-013-006	1.A.1 Understand how the students' development of oral language (i.e., phonology, morphology, syntax , semantics and pragmatics) relates to language comprehension .	 Required Course Reading(s):): Pages 9-11 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: : In small groups, teachers will review Example 1.4 and 1.5 on complex grammatical structures and elements of linguistic structure. Teachers discuss how to explicitly engage students in developing narrative language skills. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers complete Activity 4 on page 4 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for 	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers will develop a series of at least five lessons as a culminating activity for Competencies 1 & 2. Using the appropriate grade level standards, the teacher will develop lessons that incorporate evidence-based instructional practices that promote comprehension, oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, and vocabulary. The lessons

r			
		Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	will contain activities that are
		Grade PLC participants guide and provide	differentiated and address the
		examples of text with complex grammatical	needs of struggling readers
		structures and specific linguistic structures.	including students with
	1.A.2 Understand the differences between	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 7-8 of the	dyslexia, English learners,
	social and academic language.	Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	students working on grade
		Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	level, and those working above
		Grade	grade levels. They will include
		Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	multisensory approaches. The
		Level: Teachers review Example 1.1 on page	teacher should describe how
		7 and discuss how social and academic	data was analyzed to ascertain
		language differ. They also discuss inferential	the needs of students. The
		language, narrative language, and academic	lessons will be conducted in the
		vocabulary.	classroom and teachers will
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	submit their lessons along with
		Teachers chart ideas to create an	a reflection sheet to their
		environment where students can practice	facilitator after they deliver the
		social and academic language and discuss	lessons in the classroom. In
		diverse texts. Teachers also share resources	addition, teachers will make a
		for diverse texts and titles. In small groups,	presentation of their lessons
		teachers will describe and discuss the	during the last session of the
		characteristics of an environment that	course.
		provides opportunities for students to	
		practice social and academic language	
	1.A.3 Understand that writing enhances	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
	the development of oral language.	pages 11-12 in the Foundational Skills to	
		Support Reading for Understanding in	
		Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade (Part 3 of	
		Recommendation 1) on teaching academic	

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	vocabulary in the context of other reading activities.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss how writing can be used to develop academic vocabulary and
	oral language Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers work in small groups to brainstorm writing experiences to enhance oral language
1.A.4 Understand that the variation in students' oral language exposure and development requires differentiated instruction, including evidence-based practices for students with reading difficulties and characteristics of dyslexia.	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 9-11 ofthe Foundational Skills to Support Reading forUnderstanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd GradeCurriculum Study Assignment at IndicatorLevel: Teachers review Example 1.1 on page 7and discuss how social and academiclanguage differ. They also discuss inferentiallanguage, narrative language, and academicvocabulary and how to differentiateinstruction accounting for a student'sindividual oral language development.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers complete Activity 4 on page 4 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade PLC participants guide and provide examples of text with complex grammatical structures and specific linguistic structures.

 1.A.5 Understand the importance of providing and documenting extended discussion in discerning text meaning and interpretation. 1.A.6 Understand the distinguishing characteristics of students with reading difficulties, including students with dyslexia, and how they affect oral language development. 	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 21-25 of the Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and Intervention Practices Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: In small groups, discuss how to facilitate an extended text discussion in the classroom. Share out in whole group. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: : In small groups, teachers will create an outline of an extended text discussion based on one of their texts. They will include a format for the discussion, generate potential questions, follow-up questions, and reflect how the discussion will conclude. Required Course Reading(s): International Dyslexia Association Fact Sheet – Oral Language Impairments and Dyslexia Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will discuss the fact sheet with a partner. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Click or tap here to enter text. Partners will work together to create a summary or infographic of the fact sheet. They will share their summaries_in small groups.	
1.A.7 Recognize the importance of English learners' home languages and their significance in learning to read English.	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 2-3 of the Teaching Academic Content and Literacy to English Learners in Elementary and Middle School practice guide and pgs. 18-21 (Part 3 of Recommendation 1)	

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		Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Discuss the significance of a students'	
		home language for learning	
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
		Teachers work in small groups to develop an	
		activity that will build vocabulary based on a	
-		students' home language.	
	1.A.8 Understand the role of oral	Required Course Reading(s): Assessment	
	language informal and formal	section of Reading 101:A Guide to Teaching	
	assessment, including documentation of	Reading and Writing and discuss the	
	results to inform instruction determined	Overview of Informal Assessments at <u>Reading</u>	
	by individual student strengths and needs.	101: A Guide to Teaching Reading and Writing	
	,	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
		Level: Teachers review the assessments	
		available in their district and discuss how they	
		use the data to drive instruction.	
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
		Teachers create a list of assessments they use	
		that target oral language development.	
	Co	mpetency 1	
	Foundations	of Reading Instruction	
	Performance Indicat	or B: Phonological Awareness	
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
Click or tap here to	1.B.1 Understand the differences between	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR
enter text.	phonological awareness (e.g., words,	pages 14-15 in the Foundational Skills to	COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers
	syllables, rimes) and phonemic	Support Reading for Understanding in	will develop a series of at least

awareness (phonemes) and that they	guide regarding the development of	activity for Competencies 1 & 2.
develop independently from one another.	awareness of the segments of sounds in	Using the appropriate grade
	speech and how they link to letters	level standards, the teacher will
	(Recommendation 2).	develop lessons that
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	incorporate evidence-based
	Level: Teachers discuss in small groups the	instructional practices that
	implications of the research that supports	promote comprehension, oral
	Recommendation 2 and overview the 17	language, phonological
	studies referenced in the practice guide and	awareness, phonics, fluency,
	the importance of explicit instruction for	and vocabulary. The lessons
	struggling readers, especially those who are	will contain activities that are
	dyslexic.	differentiated and address the
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	needs of struggling readers
	Teachers share out a summary of their	including students with
	discussion in whole group.	dyslexia, English learners,
1.B.2 Understand the role and importance	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 16-18 in	students working on grade
of phonemic awareness in the	the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	level, and those working above
development of phonic decoding skills	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	grade levels. They will include
that lead to independent reading capacity.	Grade practice guide	multisensory approaches. The
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	teacher should describe how
	Level: In small groups teachers discuss what	data was analyzed to ascertain
	they know about teaching students to	the needs of students. The
	recognize and manipulate segments of	lessons will be conducted in the
	sounds in speech and how that relates to	classroom and teachers will
	phonics. Teachers watch video #10 from the	submit their lessons along with
	Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	a reflection sheet to their
	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	facilitator after they deliver the
	Grade practice guide PLC	lessons in the classroom. In
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	addition, teachers will make a
	Teachers complete the video reflection guide	presentation of their lessons

	and record what students learned, lesson	during the last session of the
	delivery, materials/resources, student	course.
	engagement, and teacher feedback. Teachers	
	discuss their notes following the video.	
1.B.3 Understand evidence-based and	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 16-18 in	
multisensory practices to develop	the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	
students' phonemic awareness (e.g.,	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	
Elkonin boxes or magnetic letters).	Grade practice guide	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers discuss the following	
	questions: Why is it important to teach	
	phonological awareness? What is the	
	sequence of instruction in phonological	
	awareness skills and what are some multi-	
	sensory activities that can be used to support	
	these skills? What are Elkonin sound boxes	
	and how are they used to support instruction	
	in phonemic awareness. Teachers watch	
	video #11 from the Foundational Skills to	
	Support Reading for Understanding in	
	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice	
	guide PLC on compound words and record	
	what they learned that confirms or	
	contradicts what they already knew about	
	teaching the specific skill. They discuss the	
	use of multi-sensory practices that are used.	
	Teachers watch video #12 from the PLC on	
	syllables and complete the video reflection	
	guide and record what students learned,	
	lesson delivery, materials/resources, student	

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I.B.4 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns steel to lease			
I.B.4 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns can affect phonemic awareness as it relates to language development and reading (e.g., phonological processing, body-coda, phonemic analysis and synthesis).Required Course Reading(s):): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade that explain how the recommendations included pertain to English learners.1.B.5 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns can affect phonemic awareness as it relates to language development and reading (e.g., phonological processing, body-coda, phonemic analysis and synthesis).Required Course Reading(s):): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade that explain how the recommendations included pertain to English learners.1.B.5 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns affect written and oral languageRequired Course Reading(s): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading they have learned from the practice guide can be applied in the classroom in teaching English learners and those with variations in dialects and speech patterns. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will include instructional strategies in their lesson plans for addressing phonology with English learners.1.B.5 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns affect written and oral languageReading(s): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergraten Through 3 rd			
Teachers watch video #13 from the PLC on rhyming and record what they learned that confirms or contradicts what they learned from the practice guide can be applied in the classroom in teaching English learners.1.B.5 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns affect written and oral languageRequired Course Reading(s): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading to Support Reading to Support Reading the foundational Skills to Support Reading to Support Reading the foundational Skills to Support Reading to Support Reading the foundational Skills to Support Reading the foundational Skills to Support Reading to Support Reading to Support Reading to Support Reading the foundational Skills to Support Reading to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd to Support Reading to Support Reading in Kindergarten Through 3rd to Support Reading in		discuss their notes and multi-sensory	
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I.B.4 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns can affect phonemic awareness as it relates to language development and reading (e.g., phonological processing, body-coda, phonemic analysis and synthesis).Required Course Reading(s):): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade that explain how the recommendations included pertain to English learners. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss how the information they have learned from the practice guide can be applied in the classroom in teaching English learners.1.B.5 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns affect written and oral languageRequired Course Reading(s): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Corde that explain how the foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Corde that explain how the foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Corde that explain how		rhyming and record what they learned that	
Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Notes from the video reflection guides.3.01.B.4 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns can affect phonemic awareness as it relates to language development and reading (e.g., phonological processing, body-coda, phonemic analysis and synthesis).Required Course Reading(s):): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade that explain how the recommendations included pertain to English learners.LB.5 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns affect written and oral languageRequired Course Reading(s):): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade that explain how the recommendations included pertain to English learners.LB.5 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns affect written and oral languageRequired Course Reading(s): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Cords that explain how the1.B.5 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns affect written and oral languageRequired Course Reading(s): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Cords that explain how the		confirms or contradicts what they already	
Notes from the video reflection guides.3.01.B.4 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns can affect phonemic awareness as it relates to language development and reading (e.g., phonological processing, body-coda, phonemic analysis and synthesis).Required Course Reading(s):): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade that explain how the recommendations included pertain to English learners.Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss how the information they have learned from the practice guide can be applied in the classroom in teaching English learners and those with variations in dialects and speech patterns. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will include instructional strategies in their lesson plans for addressing phonology with English learners.1.B.5 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns affect written and oral languageRequired Course Reading(s): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Corde thet evaluin how the recommendations in Kindergarten Through 3rd Corde thet evalue in the value in		knew about teaching the specific skill.	
 1.B.4 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns can affect phonemic awareness as it relates to language development and reading (e.g., phonological processing, body-coda, phonemic analysis and synthesis). Required Course Reading(s):): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade that explain how the recommendations included pertain to English learners. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss how the information they have learned from the practice guide can be applied in the classroom in teaching English learners and those with variations in dialects and speech patterns. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will include instructional strategies in their lesson plans for addressing phonology with English learners. 1.B.5 Understand how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns affect written and oral language 		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
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synthesis). Level: Teachers discuss how the information they have learned from the practice guide can be applied in the classroom in teaching English learners and those with variations in dialects and speech patterns. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will include instructional strategies in their lesson plans for addressing phonology with English learners. Required Course Reading(s): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Cardo that ownlain how when Cardo that ownlain how when		learners.	
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phonology across dialects and speech patterns affect written and oral languagethe Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Crade that explain how the			
patterns affect written and oral language Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	1.B.5 Understand how variations in		
Crade that evaluate how the	phonology across dialects and speech		
(e.g., speech and language disorders, Grade that explain how the	patterns affect written and oral language		
	(e.g., speech and language disorders,	Grade that explain how the	
language and dialect differences).			

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	recommendations included pertain to English
	learners.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss how the information
	they have learned from the practice guide can
	be applied in the classroom in teaching
	students with speech and language disorders,
	and language and dialect differences.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers will include instructional strategies
	in their lesson plans for addressing phonology
	with students who have speech and language
	disorders, and language and dialect
	differences.
1.B.6 Understand that evidence-based	Required Course Reading(s): Reading Rockets
phonics instruction improves phonemic	 Phonics Instruction: The Value of a Multi-
awareness and results in enhanced	sensory approach
encoding and decoding skills.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss how multi-sensory
	approaches can address phonics skills and at
	the same time improve phonemic awareness
	since multiple senses are being used in
	instruction.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers choose an activity from the reading
	to incorporate in their classes and develop a
	short plan of how they would implement the
	activity.

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1.B.7 Understand the distinguishing characteristics of students with reading difficulties, including students with dyslexia and how they affect phonemic awareness .	Required Course Reading(s): Defining and Understanding Dyslexia: Past, Present, and Future by Snowling, Hulme, and Nation. 2020 Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers read the article and discuss the section Putting Learning into the Definition of Dyslexia and the Phonological Deficit Hypothesis. Teachers summarize this section in small groups. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
1.B.8 Understand evidence-based practices for teaching phonemic awareness to English learners.	Summaries developed in small groups. Required Course Reading(s): Pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide that explain how the recommendations included pertain to English learners. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss how the information they have learned from the practice guide can be applied in the classroom in teaching English learners. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will include instructional strategies in their lesson plans for addressing phonology
1.B.9 Understand the role of phonological awareness informal and formal assessment , including documentation of results, to inform instructional decisions	with English learners. Required Course Reading(s): Click or tap here to enter text. Pages 11-16 of the Assisting Students Struggling with Reading: Response to Intervention (Rtl) and Multi-Tier

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	to meet individual student strengths and needs.	Intervention in the Primary Grades practice guide. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss Table 3 on page 13 in small groups as well as assessments they use in their classrooms. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers create a list of assessments they use that target phonological awareness.	
	Co	ompetency 1	
	Foundations	of Reading Instruction	
	Performanc	e Indicator C: Phonics	
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
Click or tap here to enter text.	1.C.1 Understand the structure of English orthography and the patterns and rules that inform the teaching of single and multisyllabic regular word and irregular word reading.	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 22-31 in the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide focusing on how-to steps for teaching recommendation 3. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Review Example 3.3 on consonant, vowel, and syllable construction patterns on page 25 and discuss. Teachers watch video #12 from the foundational reading skills practice guide PLC on syllables and complete the video reflection guide and record what students learned, lesson delivery,	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers will develop a series of at least five lessons as a culminating activity for Competencies 1 & 2. Using the appropriate grade level standards, the teacher will develop lessons that incorporate evidence-based instructional practices that promote comprehension, oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency,

		materials/resources, student engagement,	and vocabulary. The lessons
		and teacher feedback.	will contain activities that are
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	differentiated and address the
		Completed video reflection guide and notes	needs of struggling readers
1	L.C.2 Understand grapheme-phoneme	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 22-31 in	including students with
þ	patterns and how they relate to spelling	the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	dyslexia, English learners,
a	and written expression.	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	students working on grade
		Grade practice guide focusing on how-to	level, and those working above
		steps for teaching recommendation 3.	grade levels. They will include
		Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	multisensory approaches. The
		Level: Review Example 3.3 on consonant,	teacher should describe how
		vowel, and syllable construction patterns on	data was analyzed to ascertain
		page 25 and discuss. Teachers watch video	the needs of students. The
		#12 from the foundational reading skills	lessons will be conducted in the
		practice guide PLC on syllables and complete	classroom and teachers will
		the video reflection guide and record what	submit their lessons along with
		students learned, lesson delivery,	a reflection sheet to their
		materials/resources, student engagement,	facilitator after they deliver the
		and teacher feedback.	lessons in the classroom. In
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	addition, teachers will make a
		Completed video reflection guide and notes	presentation of their lessons
	L.C.3 Understand structural analysis and	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 25-27 in	during the last session of the
r	morphology of words.	the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	course.
		Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	
		Grade practice guide	
		Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
		Level: Teachers practice strategies on	
		manipulating word parts and word-analysis	
		strategies in Examples 3.5 and 3.6 on page 27	
		of the practice guide.	

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	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers create a summary describing how
	they incorporate word-analysis strategies,
	including structural analysis and morphology
	into their instruction.
1.C.4 Understand that evidence-based	Required Course Reading(s): Videos 21-23
	from the Foundational Skills to Support
spelling and writing practices can enhance	
phonics instruction and connect reading	Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten
and writing (e.g., Elkonin boxes, spelling	Through 3 rd Grade practice guide PLC, which
of Greek and Latin roots and affixes).	address blending by sounding out and
	chunking, building words with sound boxes,
	and vowel pattern sorts.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers complete video viewing
	guides for the videos and discuss the
	importance of oral language in these activities
	and other methods to use language and
	writing to enhance phonics instruction.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Completed video viewing guides.
1.C.5 Understand the distinguishing	Required Course Reading(s): Defining and
characteristics of students with reading	Understanding Dyslexia: Past, Present, and
difficulties, including students with	Future by Snowling, Hulme, and Nation. 2020
dyslexia, and how they affect phonics	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
development.	Level: Defining and Understanding Dyslexia:
·	Past, Present, and Future by Snowling, Hulme,
	and Nation. 2020
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Summaries developed in small groups

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1.C.6 Understand an English learner's home language as a foundation and strength to support the development of phonics in English.	Required Course Reading(s): "Unlocking the Research on English Learners" by Claude Goldenberg, Education Digest 2014 Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss in small groups how the article addresses how learning to read in their home language can assist instruction in English. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers summarize their discussion and share out in whole group.	
1.C.7 Understand the role of phonics informal and formal assessment , including documentation of results, to inform instruction to meet individual student strengths and needs.	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 11-15 of the Assisting Students Struggling with Reading: Response to Intervention (RtI) and Multi-Tier Intervention in the Primary Grades which addresses recommendation 1. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers review Table 3 on page 13 – Recommended Target Areas for Early Screening ad Progress Monitoring. Teachers discuss each type of assessment and share the ones they use and how the use the data. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers share anonymous data from their assessments with one another in small groups and reflect how the data could be used to guide instruction.	

	Competency 1				
	Foundations of Reading Instruction				
	Performanc	e Indicator D: Fluency			
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment		
Click or tap here to enter text.	1.D.1 Understand that the components of reading fluency are accuracy, rate and prosody which impact reading comprehension.	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 32-37 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide on Recommendation 4 which addresses ensuring each student reads connected text every day to support reading accuracy fluency, and comprehension. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: : Teachers discuss the how-to steps to implementing the recommendation including modeling strategies, scaffold, and provide feedback to support student reading accurately and with efficient word identification; teaching students to self- monitor their understanding of the text and to self-correct word-reading errors; provide opportunities for oral reading practice with feedback to develop fluent and accurate reading with expression. Teachers view videos 32 and 33 from the Foundational Skills	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers will develop a series of at least five lessons as a culminating activity for Competencies 1 & 2. Using the appropriate grade level standards, the teacher will develop lessons that incorporate evidence-based instructional practices that promote comprehension, oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, and vocabulary. The lessons will contain activities that are differentiated and address the needs of struggling readers including students with dyslexia, English learners, students working on grade		
		to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide PLC addressing word reading strategies	level, and those working above grade levels. They will include multisensory approaches. The		

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	and The Fix-It Game and complete the video	teacher should describe how
	viewing guides for both videos.	data was analyzed to ascertain
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: In	the needs of students. The
	small groups, teachers share plans to	lessons will be conducted in the
	implement an activity to enhance fluency and	classroom and teachers will
	share with the whole group. Completed video	submit their lessons along with
	viewing guides	a reflection sheet to their
1.D.2 Understand that effective readers	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 32-37 of	facilitator after they deliver the
adjust their reading rate to accommodate	the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	lessons in the classroom. In
the kinds of texts they are reading and	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	addition, teachers will make a
their purpose for reading to facilitate	Grade practice guide on Recommendation 4	presentation of their lessons
comprehension.	which addresses ensuring each student reads	during the last session of the
comprenension.	connected text every day to support reading	course.
	accuracy fluency, and comprehension.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers discuss the how-to steps to	
	implementing the recommendation including	
	modeling strategies, scaffold, and provide	
	feedback to support student reading	
	accurately and with efficient word	
	identification; teaching students to self-	
	monitor their understanding of the text and	
	to self-correct word-reading errors; provide	
	opportunities for oral reading practice with	
	feedback to develop fluent and accurate	
	reading with expression.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: : In	
	small groups, teachers share plans to	
	implement an activity to enhance fluency and	
	share with the whole group.	

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1.D.3 Understand how automaticity in	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 32-37 of	
word-level skills and oral reading fluency	the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	
in connected text impact reading	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	
comprehension.	Grade practice guide on Recommendation 4	
	which addresses ensuring each student reads	
	connected text every day to support reading	
	accuracy fluency, and comprehension. Click	
	or tap here to enter text.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers discuss the how-to steps to	
	implementing the recommendation including	
	modeling strategies, scaffold, and provide	
	feedback to support student reading	
	accurately and with efficient word	
	identification; teaching students to self-	
	monitor their understanding of the text and	
	to self-correct word-reading errors; provide	
	opportunities for oral reading practice with	
	feedback to develop fluent and accurate	
	reading with expression.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: In	
	small groups, teachers share plans to	
	implement an activity to enhance fluency and	
	share with the whole group.	
1.D.4 Understand that independent	Required Course Reading(s):	
readers activate their background	https://www.readingrockets.org/article/instruction-	
knowledge, self-monitor and self-correct	metacognitive-strategies-enhances-reading-	
(i.e., metacognition) to enhance fluency	comprehension-and-vocabulary	
as a bridge to comprehension of text .	https://www.edutopia.org/article/teaching- students-read-metacognitively/	
	<u>students-redu-metacognitively/</u>	

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	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Ask teachers to read a technical text.
	First they read individually, then the
	facilitator reads it to them. They are then
	allowed to talk in small groups and are to
	write a paraphrase of the text. They share
	their paraphrases with the whole group.
	Teachers then chart the strategies they
	employed to comprehend the text.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Paraphrases of text and charts
1.D.5 Understand that reading fluency	Required Course Reading(s): ages 32-37 of
and reading endurance requires daily	the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
practice with support and corrective	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd
feedback to increase accuracy, rate and	Grade practice guide on Recommendation 4
prosody.	which addresses ensuring each student reads
prosouy.	connected text every day to support reading
	accuracy fluency, and comprehension.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss the how-to steps to
	implementing the recommendation including
	modeling strategies, scaffold, and provide
	feedback to support student reading
	accurately and with efficient word
	identification; teaching students to self-
	monitor their understanding of the text and
	to self-correct word-reading errors; provide opportunities for oral reading practice with
	feedback to develop fluent and accurate
	reading with expression. Teachers view
	videos 32 and 33 from the Foundational Skills
I	

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	to Support Reading for Understanding in
	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice
	guide PLC addressing word reading strategies
	and The Fix-It Game and complete the video
	viewing guides for both videos
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Completed video viewing guides and notes
	from discussion
1.D.6 Understand the distinguishing	Required Course Reading(s): Defining and
characteristics of students with reading	Understanding Dyslexia: Past, Present, and
difficulties, including students with	Future by Snowling, Hulme, and Nation. 2020
dyslexia, and how they affect fluency	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers read the article and discuss
development and reading endurance.	the section Putting Learning into the
	Definition of Dyslexia and the Phonological
	Deficit Hypothesis. Teachers summarize this
	section in small groups.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Summaries developed in small groups
1.D.7 Understand the role of fluency	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 11-16 of
informal and formal assessments,	the Assisting Students Struggling with
including documentation of results, to	Reading: Response to Intervention and Multi-
C .	Tier Intervention in the Primary Grades
inform instruction to meet individual	practice guide.
student strengths and needs.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers review Table 3 on page 13
	and discuss the fluency assessments noted in
	the table.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers review anonymous fluency data
	reachers review anonymous nuclicy uata

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		from their classrooms in small groups and discuss how the data should drive instruction.	
		of Reading Instruction	
	Performance	Indicator E: Vocabulary	
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
Click or tap here to enter text.	1.E.1 Understand the role and impact of receptive and expressive vocabulary on reading comprehension .	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 11-12 inFoundational Skills to Support Reading forUnderstanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide regarding teachingacademic vocabulary in the context of otherreading activities.Curriculum Study Assignment at IndicatorLevel: Teachers discuss in small groupsExample 1.6 on academic vocabularyinstruction on page 12 and share vocabularyactivities they have used in their classrooms.They also discuss challenges they face inteaching vocabulary.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:Groups provide a summary of their discussionto the whole group.	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers will develop a series of at least five lessons as a culminating activity for Competencies 1 & 2. Using the appropriate grade level standards, the teacher will develop lessons that incorporate evidence-based instructional practices that promote comprehension, oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, and vocabulary. The lessons will contain activities that are differentiated and address the
	1.E.2 Understand morphology (e.g.,	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 11-15 of	needs of struggling readers
	morphemes, inflectional and derivational morphemes, morphemic analysis) and	the Adolescent Literacy Practice guide on	including students with dyslexia, English learners,

contextual analysis as it relates to	Recommendation 1 – Explicit vocabulary	students working on grade
vocabulary development.	instruction.	level, and those working above
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	grade levels. They will include
	Level: Teachers discuss contextual analysis	multisensory approaches. The
	and how to use morphology to help students	teacher should describe how
	become independent vocabulary learners.	data was analyzed to ascertain
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	the needs of students. The
	Using a Greek or Latin root, develop a web	lessons will be conducted in the
	template for students to fill in words using	classroom and teachers will
	that root	submit their lessons along with
1.E.3 Identify intentional explicit,	Required Course Reading(s):): Table D.4 on	a reflection sheet to their
systematic and sequential evidence-	page 65 in Appendix D of the Foundational	facilitator after they deliver the
based practices for vocabulary	Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in	lessons in the classroom. In
development and scaffolding concept	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice	addition, teachers will make a
development (e.g., figurative language ,	guide, especially the last column which	presentation of their lessons
dialogic reading, semantic mapping, etc.).	reflects studies/interventions that relate to	during the last session of the
undogie reduing, semantie mapping, etc.).	teaching academic vocabulary.	course.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: : Discuss in small groups specific	
	examples of vocabulary instruction reflected	
	in the studies.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Summary of small group discussion	
1.E.4 Understand the importance of	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 11-12 of	
teaching basic and sophisticated	the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	
vocabulary, high-frequency multiple	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	
meaning words and the particular	Grade practice guide.	
demands of domain-specific vocabulary .	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers discuss strategies they have	
	used to integrate vocabulary instruction	

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	targeting multiple meaning words and
	domain-specific vocabulary into their lessons.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers plan how to teach vocabulary more
	explicitly, targeting multiple meaning words
	and domain-specific vocabulary.
1.E.5 Understand how to apply evidence-	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 11-12 of
based reading and writing practices to	the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
enhance vocabulary .	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd
	Grade practice guide. Pages 11-15 of the
	Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective
	Classroom and Intervention Practices practice
	guide.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss reading and writing
	practices that can be used to enhance
	vocabulary instruction.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers describe a writing activity that could
	be used to enhance vocabulary instruction
1.E.6 Understand how to provide a	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read
classroom learning environment that	page 11-12 in the Foundational Skills to
supports wide reading of print and digital	Support Reading for Understanding in
texts , both informational and literary, to	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice
enhance vocabulary .	guide regarding teaching academic
ennance vocabulary.	vocabulary in the context of other reading
	activities Teachers read pages 11-15 of the
	Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective
	Classroom and Intervention practice guide on

-	
	Recommendation 1 – Explicit vocabulary
	instruction.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss readings
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers create a plan for use in classroom
1.E.7 Understand the distinguishing	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read
characteristics of students with reading	this article from the Texas Center for Learning
difficulties, including students with	Disabilities and consider how the evidence-
dyslexia, and how they affect vocabulary	based strategies could be used in their
development.	classrooms:
development.	https://www.texasldcenter.org/teachers-
	corner/five-research-based-ways-to-teach-
	vocabulary
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss reading.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers create a list of assessment to use.
1.E.8 Understand instructional practices	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 13-30 of
that develop authentic uses of English to	the Teaching Academic Content and Literacy
assist English learners in learning	to English Learners in Elementary and Middle
academic vocabulary and content (e.g.,	School.
cognates).	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss the four how-to steps
	for implementing Recommendation 1
	described on pages 13-30 of the practice
	guide.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers create a plan to teach vocabulary

	1.E.9 Understand the role of vocabulary informal and formal assessment , including documentation of results, to inform instruction to meet individual student strengths and needs.	words in an upcoming lesson using multiple modalities (writing, speaking, listening Required Course Reading(s): Assessment section of Reading 101:A Guide to Teaching Reading and Writing and Overview of Informal Assessments at <u>Reading 101: A</u> <u>Guide to Teaching Reading and Writing</u> . Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will discuss vocabulary assessments they have used in their classroom Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Create a list of the vocabulary assessments used in their school or classroom and how describe how the data is used to drive instruction.	
		ompetency 1 of Reading Instruction	
		dicator F: Comprehension	
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
Click or tap here to enter text.	1.F.1 Understand that evidence-based oral language and written experiences (i.e., language experiences , dictation, summary writing) facilitate comprehension .	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 7-9 in the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten through 3rd Grade; Pages 23-29 in the Improving Reading Comprehension in Kindergarten through 3rd Grade practice guide (Improving	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers will develop a series of at least five lessons as a culminating activity for Competencies 1 & 2. Using the appropriate grade

	Comprehension); Pages 21-25 in the	level standards, the teacher will
	Adolescent Literacy Practice Guide addressing	develop lessons that
	Recommendation 3: Provide opportunities for	incorporate evidence-based
	extended discussion of text meaning and	instructional practices that
	interpretation	promote comprehension, oral
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	language, phonological
	Level: Teachers review Example 1.3 on page 9	awareness, phonics, fluency,
	of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading	and vocabulary. The lessons
	for Understanding in Kindergarten through	will contain activities that are
	3rd Grade which recounts a conversation	differentiated and address the
	between a teacher and students to enhance	needs of struggling readers
	oral language skills and thus facilitate	including students with
	comprehension. Teachers discuss the	dyslexia, English learners,
	importance of including oral language and	students working on grade
	written experiences in reading instruction	level, and those working above
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	grade levels. They will include
	Teachers develop questions based on a short	multisensory approaches. The
	text that could be used to facilitate a	teacher should describe how
	discussion or be used as writing prompts to	data was analyzed to ascertain
	enhance comprehension.	the needs of students. The
1.F.2 Understand evidence-based	Required Course Reading(s): Appendix D	lessons will be conducted in the
comprehension practices (e.g., student	pages 50-53 in the Improving Reading	classroom and teachers will
question generation, summarizing,	Comprehension in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	submit their lessons along with
extended text discussion).	Grade practice guide regarding rationale for	a reflection sheet to their
	evidence rating for Recommendation 1 –	facilitator after they deliver the
	Teach students how to use reading	lessons in the classroom. In
	comprehension strategies.	addition, teachers will make a
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	presentation of their lessons
	Level: Teachers discuss in small groups how	during the last session of the
	they activate prior knowledge, encourage	course.

	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers develop and share lists of
	sources of print and digital texts and discuss
	how they select texts for instruction.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teacher-developed lists of sources of print
	and digital texts for a variety of purposes
1.F.5 Understand how the interaction of	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 26-30 of
reader characteristics (background	the Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective
knowledge , interests, strengths and	Classroom and intervention Practices practice
needs), motivation, text complexity and	guide on recommendation 4 related to
<i>"</i> • • •	student motivation and engagement
purpose of reading, impacts	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
comprehension and student engagement.	Level: Teachers discuss how they consider
	reader characteristics when planning
	instruction in reading.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers brainstorm how to better consider
	reader characteristics when they plan for
	instruction and share out.
1.F.6 Understand the importance of	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 32-37 in
planning, providing and documenting daily	the Improving Reading Comprehension in
opportunities for reading connected text	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice
with corrective feedback to support	guide on Recommendation 4, which
accuracy, fluency, reading endurance and	addresses ensuring each student reads
comprehension.	connected text every day to support reading
comprenension.	accuracy fluency, and comprehension.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss the how-to steps to
	implementing the recommendation including

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comprehension and discuss. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers summarize their small group discussion in the whole group 1.F.8 Understand that reading is a process Required Course Reading(s): Pages 30-32 in
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variety of purposes, utilizing a variety of	Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and	
methods (i.e., active reading).	Intervention Practices practice guide on	
	selecting texts purposefully to support	
	comprehension development	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers develop and share lists of	
	sources of print and digital texts and discuss	
	how they select texts for instruction	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teacher-developed lists of sources of print	
	and digital texts for a variety of purposes.	
1.F.9 Understand that effective	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 50-53	
comprehension relies on using well	(Appendix D) in the Improving Reading	
developed language, multiple higher	Comprehension in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	
order thinking processes (i.e., making	Grade practice guide regarding rationale for	
inferences, activating background	evidence rating for Recommendation 1 –	
knowledge) and self-correction to	Teach students how to use reading	
	comprehension strategies.	
monitor comprehension .	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: In small groups, teachers discuss how	
	they activate prior knowledge, encourage	
	inference making, and teach summarizing in	
	their classroom. They also discuss how they	
	use the gradual release model.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Small groups summarize their discussion for	
	the whole group.	
1.F.10 Understand evidence-based	Required Course Reading(s):): Pages 5-9 in	
practices to improve reading	the Improving Reading Comprehension in	
comprehension for students, including	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice	
 ,		

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those with characteristics of reading	guide and pages 4-10 in the Improving
difficulties and dyslexia, based on their	Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and
strengths and needs.	Intervention Practices. Defining and
5	Understanding Dyslexia: Past, Present, and
	Future by Snowling, Hulme, and Nation. 2020
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Discuss evidence-based practices that
	can be used to enhance comprehension of
	students in grades K-3 and grades 4 and up.
	Summarize the article by Snowling, Hulmn,
	and Nation.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: List
	of similarities and differences in evidence-
	based practices to improve comprehension in
	the primary grades versus grades 4 and up.
	Summaries of article by Snowling, Hulmn, and
	Nation.
1.F.11 Understand how English learners'	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 31-45 of
linguistic and cultural background will	the Teaching Academic Content in Literacy to
influence their comprehension , including	English Learners in Elementary and Middle
English learners with characteristics of	School practice guide, addressing
reading difficulties and dyslexia .	recommendation 2,
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss the importance of
	using linguistic and cultural background to
	help facilitate comprehension skills. Teachers
	review strategies presented in the practice
	guide to help facilitate comprehension.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers summarize how they consider

	1.F.12 Understand the role of comprehension informal and formal assessments , including documentation of results, to inform instruction to meet individual student strengths and needs.	students when they plan for comprehension instruction. Required Course Reading(s): Pages 10-18 of the Using Student Achievement Data to Support Instructional Decision-Making practice guide which addresses using data in an ongoing cycle of instructional improvement. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
		Level: In small groups, teachers discuss the data they use to make decisions and how they analyze that data. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers summarize for the whole group the types of data they use to drive instruction and how they consider the strengths and needs of students	
		ompetency 1 of Reading Instruction	
		Integration of Reading Components	
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
Click or tap here to enter text.	1.G.1 Identify phonemic , semantic and syntactic variability between English and other languages.	Required Course Reading(s): "Unlocking the Research on English Learners" by Claude Goldenberg in the February 2014 issue of the Education Digest	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers will develop a series of at least five lessons as a culminating activity for Competencies 1 & 2.

	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	Using the appropriate grade
	Level: Teachers discuss in small groups how	level standards, the teacher will
	learning to read in their home language can	develop lessons that
	assist instruction in English	incorporate evidence-based
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: .	instructional practices that
	Teachers summarize their small group	promote comprehension, oral
	discussions with the whole group.	language, phonological
1.G.2 Identify appropriate evidence-based	Required Course Reading(s):): Pages 12-13	awareness, phonics, fluency,
practices to develop students'	of the Improving Reading Comprehension in	and vocabulary. The lessons
metacognitive skills in reading, including	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade	will contain activities that are
English learners (e.g., text coding , two-	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	differentiated and address the
column notes).	Level: Teachers review Tables 3 and 4	needs of struggling readers
countriotes).	detailing specific strategies for improving	including students with
	comprehension including those addressing	dyslexia, English learners,
	self-monitoring and self-correcting. They note	students working on grade
	the strategies they think will be most helpful	level, and those working above
	in their classroom	grade levels. They will include
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	multisensory approaches. The
	Notes from discussion	teacher should describe how
1.G.3 Understand the interdependence	Required Course Reading(s): Recent lesson	data was analyzed to ascertain
among the reading components and their	plans from participants	the needs of students. The
effect upon reading as a process for all	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	lessons will be conducted in the
students.	Level: Teachers review recent lesson plans to	classroom and teachers will
	reflect upon how they can ensure that they	submit their lessons along with
	have integrated instructional practices.	a reflection sheet to their
	Teachers plan for integration of reading	facilitator after they deliver the
	components in subsequent lessons	lessons in the classroom. In
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	addition, teachers will make a
	Lesson plans that demonstrate integration of	presentation of their lessons
	reading components	

		during the last session of the course.
1.G.4 Understand how oral language and an information intensive environment impact-reading and writing development.	Required Course Reading(s):): Pages 30-38 of the Improving Reading Comprehension in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Recommendations 4 & 5 on selecting texts purposefully to support comprehension and establishing an engaging and motivating context in which to teach reading comprehension. Teachers discuss the composition of their classroom libraries and create a list of titles that would be high interest to students and add to the diversity of the library. In small groups, teachers discuss how to integrate oral language and writing into comprehension instruction. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers use the B.E.S.T. standards sample book lists and other research-based resources to select text for upcoming instruction	
1.G.5 Understand evidence-based practices for selecting literature and domain specific print and digital text appropriate to students' age, interests and reading proficiency.	Required Course Reading(s): "Select texts purposefully to support comprehension development" – an article from Nebraska reads that summarizes Recommendation 4 from the Improving Reading Comprehension in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice	

1.G.6 Understand the relationships among decoding , automatic word recognition, fluency and comprehension .	guide. View <u>Choosing the Right Text</u> – a Doing What Works interview with Dr. Nell Duke Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss the article and the video in small groups Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers use the B.E.S.T. standards sample book lists and other research-based resources to select text for upcoming instruction Required Course Reading(s): <u>"Fostering</u> <u>Literacy Development in English Language</u> <u>Learners"</u> by Karen Ford at the Colorin Colorado! Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss the article in small groups and make connections to students whose native language is English Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers choose one article from the "resources to read" and summarize for
1.G.7 Understand intentional, explicit, systematic and sequential evidence- based practices for scaffolding the interconnection of each of the following: graphophonemics, syntax, semantics, pragmatics, vocabulary, schema and text structures required for comprehension.	members of their small group. Required Course Reading(s): Pages 10-16 in the Improving Reading Comprehension in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide. Video 33 from the Professional Learning Communities Facilitator's Guide for the What Works Clearinghouse Practice Guide: Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten through

	1
	3rd Grade (foundational reading skills
	practice guide PLC) (The Fix-It Game)
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss Recommendation 1
	from the Improving Reading Comprehension
	in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice
	guide and complete the video viewing guides
	for Video 33
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Completed video viewing guides
1.G.8 Understand the distinguishing	Required Course Reading(s): "Dyslexia in the
characteristics of students with reading	Classroom – What Every Teacher Needs to
difficulties, including students with	Know" from the International Dyslexia
dyslexia, and how they affect the	Association
integration of the components of reading	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: : Teachers identify three salient points
instruction.	from the article
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers share out the salient points from
	the article
1.G.9 Understand how to engage and	Required Course Reading(s): K-3 Teacher
support caregivers and families in the	Guides for Supporting Family Involvement in
evidence-based language and reading	Foundational Reading Skills by the Institute of
development activities for their children	Education Sciences
and adolescents.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers review the teacher guides
	and discuss how they might use them to
	promote family involvement in literacy
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:

	provide to families to engage their child in
	literacy at home
1.G.10 Understand how to communicate	Required Course Reading(s): the Assessment
(orally and in writing) the meaning of	section of Reading 101:A Guide to Teaching
reading assessment data with students,	Reading and Writing and discuss the
caregivers and other teachers.	Overview of Informal Assessments at Reading
	101: A Guide to Teaching Reading and
	Writing. The infographic Assessment Terms
	Used in Reading
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: : Teachers read the article and review
	the infographic. They review the assessments
	available in their district and discuss how they
	use the data to drive instruction and
	communicate results with students. They take
	notes from the discussion that they will share
	out.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Notes from discussion
1.G.11 Understand the role of informal	Required Course Reading(s): the Assessment
and formal reading assessments,	section of Reading 101:A Guide to Teaching
including documentation of results, to	Reading and Writing and discuss the
make instructional decisions to address	Overview of Informal Assessments at <u>Reading</u>
individual student strengths and needs.	101: A Guide to Teaching Reading and
	Writing. The infographic <u>Assessment Terms</u>
	Used in Reading
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers read the article and review
	the infographic. They review the assessments

available in their district and discuss how they
use the data to drive instruction and
communicate results with students. They take
notes from the discussion that they will share
out.
Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
Notes from discussion

Competency 2 Introduction

Teachers will apply the principles of explicit, systematic and sequential evidence-based reading instruction and scaffold student learning while integrating the six components of reading. Teachers will engage in the systematic problem-solving process to identify students with reading difficulties, including identification of students with characteristics of dyslexia, provide appropriate interventions and conduct effective progress monitoring. The total inventory of Performance Indicators (A-G) satisfies Competency 2. (60 In-service hours)

		Competency 2	
		dence-based Instructional Practices	
	Performance	e Indicator A: Oral Language	
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
01-013-007	2.A.1 Apply intentional, explicit, systematic and sequential instructional practices for scaffolding development of oral/aural language skills.	 Required Course Reading(s): Pages 9-11 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade practice guide. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Complete activity 4 on page 4 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade practice guide. PLC participants activities and provide examples of text with complex grammatical structures and specific linguistic structures. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will develop a dialogic reading lesson using a read-aloud for their classroom. They will detail how they intend to scaffold oral language 	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers will develop a series of at least five lessons as a culminating activity for Competencies 1 & 2. Using the appropriate grade level standards, the teacher will develop lessons that incorporate evidence-based instructional practices that promote comprehension, oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, and vocabulary. The lessons will contain activities that are differentiated and address the

2.A.2 Create an environment where students practice appropriate social and academic language to discuss diverse texts.	for students who need to improve their oral language skills. The teachers will share their lessons with one another in small groups and implement them in the classroom. Required Course Reading(s):): Pages 7-8 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss how social and academic language differ. They also discuss inferential language, narrative language, and academic vocabulary. Teachers chart ideas to create an environment where students can practice social and academic language and discuss diverse texts. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	needs of struggling readers including students with dyslexia, English learners, students working on grade level, and those working above grade levels. They will include multisensory approaches. The teacher should describe how data was analyzed to ascertain the needs of students. The lessons will be conducted in the classroom and teachers will submit their lessons along with a reflection sheet to their facilitator after they deliver the lessons in the classroom. In addition, teachers will make a presentation of their lessons
2.A.3 Use word building and writing		
experiences to enhance oral language (e.g., homophone word building and spelling, interactive writing, student to teacher sentence dictation).	enter text. Pages 11-12 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will discuss how word building	

	and writing can be used to develop academic
	vocabulary and oral language. Teachers work in
	small groups to brainstorm writing experiences
	to enhance oral language.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers will select a word building activity or
	writing experience to implement in their
	classroom to enhance oral language and use it
	in their classroom.
2.A.4 Differentiate instruction to	Required Course Reading(s): International
account for variation in students' oral	Dyslexia Association Fact Sheet – Oral Language
language exposure and development,	Impairments and Dyslexia
including evidence-based practices for	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
students with reading difficulties and	Level: Teachers will discuss the fact sheet and
characteristics of dyslexia .	how this informs differentiation
characteristics of dysiexia .	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers will create a plan that includes
	differentiation for all students
2.A.5 Provide and document	Required Course Reading(s): Pages 21-25 of the
opportunities for extended discussion	Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective
in discerning text meaning and	Classroom and Intervention Practices practice
interpretation.	guide.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: In small groups, discuss how to facilitate
	an extended text discussion in the classroom.
	Share out in whole group.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers will conduct an extended text

		1
	discussion in their classrooms and write a short	
	reflection to share at their next session	
2.A.6 Apply evidence-based practices	Required Course Reading(s): Massachusetts	
for students with reading difficulties,	Department of Education document Literacy	
including students with dyslexia , based	Block: Oral Language – Evidence-Based Early	
on their strengths and needs to	Learning	
improve oral language development.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers will discuss the document in	
	small groups and what evidence-based practices	
	could be used to develop oral language in	
	students that need to improve their skills.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers will implement explicit vocabulary	
	instruction in a lesson in their classroom and	
	write a short reflection on their experience	
2.A.7 Apply an English learner's home	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read pgs.	
language proficiency as a foundation	2-3 regarding the scope of the Teaching	
and strength to support the	Academic Content and Literacy to English	
development of oral language in	Learners in Elementary and Middle School	
English and scaffold discussions to	practice guide and pgs. 18-21 (Part 3 of	
facilitate the comprehension of text	Recommendation 1) regarding teaching	
for students with varying English	academic vocabulary in depth using multiple	
, , ,	modalities.	
proficiency levels.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: : Teachers work in small groups to	
	develop an activity that will build vocabulary	
	based on a students' home language	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers conduct the activity they develop in	
	their classrooms.	

	2.A.8 Administer and document appropriate oral language informal and formal assessments to inform instruction determined by individual student strengths and needs.	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers review the Assessment section of Reading 101:A Guide to Teaching Reading and Writing and discuss the Overview of Informal Assessments at <u>Reading</u> 101: A Guide to Teaching Reading and Writing Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers also review the assessments available in their district and discuss how they use the data to drive instruction. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers use assessment data in their classrooms to develop small groups and to inform instruction.		
	Competency 2 Application of Evidence-based Instructional Practices			
		cator B: Phonological Awareness	-	
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	
Click or tap here to	2.B.1 Apply explicit, systematic and	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers review	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR	
enter text.	sequential evidence-based practices in	How-to-Step 1 on pages 15-18 in the	COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers	
	phonological awareness and	Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	will develop a series of at least	
	phonemic awareness.	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	five lessons as a culminating	
		Grade practice guide.	activity for Competencies 1 & 2.	
		Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	Using the appropriate grade	
		Level: The following questions are discussed:	level standards, the teacher will	
		Why is it important to teach phonological	develop lessons that incorporate	
		awareness? What is the sequence of instruction in phonological awareness skills and what are	evidence-based instructional	
		some activities that support these skills? What	practices that promote	

Teachers discuss their notes following the video. Teachers watch video #11 from the	
those working a compound words and record what they learned that confirms or contradicts what they already knew about teaching the specific skill. Teachers watch video #12 from the foundational reading skills practice guide PLC on data was analyz syllables and complete the video reflection the needs of stu guide and record what students learned, lesson delivery, materials/resources, student engagement, and teacher feedback. Teachers discuss their notes following the video. Teachers watch video #12 from the classroom and t submit their less reflection sheet	y, and e lessons will es that are and address the gling readers ints with dyslexia, s, students de level, and above grade Il include oproaches. The describe how zed to ascertain udents. The conducted in the teachers will assons along with a t to their they deliver the lassroom. In ers will make a f their lessons
foundational reading skills practice guide PLC on course.	

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Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will work to develop lesson plans that incorporate what they have learned and
incorporate what they have learned and
incorporate what they have learned and
implement them in the classroom. Teachers
also explore the National Center on Improving
Literacy website to access resources for
students who may be dyslexic.
2.B.2 Apply evidence-based phonemic Required Course Reading(s): Teachers review
awareness instruction for the How-to-Step 1 on pages 15-18 in the
development of phonic decoding skills Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
that lead to independent reading Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd
capacity. Grade practice guide.
Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
Level: Teachers watch video #10 from the
foundational reading skills practice guide PLC on
sentence segmentation and complete the video
reflection guide and record what students
learned, lesson delivery, materials/resources,
student engagement, and teacher feedback.
Teachers discuss their notes following the video.
Teachers watch video #11 from the
foundational reading skills practice guide PLC on
compound words and record what they learned
that confirms or contradicts what they already
knew about teaching the specific skill. Teachers
watch video #12 from the foundational reading
skills practice guide PLC on syllables and
complete the video reflection guide and record
what students learned, lesson delivery,
materials/resources, student engagement, and

	teacher feedback. Teachers discuss their notes	
	following the video. Teachers watch video #13	
	from the foundational reading skills practice	
	guide PLC on rhyming and record what they	
	learned that confirms or contradicts what they	
	already knew about teaching the specific skill.	
	Teachers watch video #14 from the	
	foundational reading skills practice guide PLC on	
	onset and rime and record what they learned	
	that confirms or contradicts what they already	
	knew about teaching the specific skill	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers will work to develop lesson plans that	
	incorporate what they have learned about	
	phonemic awareness instruction for the	
	development of phonic decoding skills and	
	implement them in the classroom. Teachers	
	also explore the National Center on Improving	
	Literacy to access resources for students who	
	may be dyslexic.	
2.B.3 Provide opportunities using	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
evidence-based and multisensory	pages 18-19 of the Foundational Skills to	
practices for students to develop	Support Reading for Understanding in	
phonemic awareness (e.g., Elkonin	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide.	
boxes or magnetic letters).	Teachers watch video #15 from the	
	foundational reading skills practice guide PLC on	
	phonemes linked to letters and complete the	
	video reflection guide and record what students	
	learned, lesson delivery, materials/resources,	

	student engagement, and teacher feedback.
	Teachers discuss their notes following the video.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers take notes on the video
	reflection guide and record what students
	learned, lesson delivery, materials/resources,
	student engagement, and teacher feedback.
	Teachers discuss their notes following the video
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers will work to develop lesson plans that
	incorporate what they have learned about
	multi-sensory instruction for the development
	of phonemic awareness and implement them in
	the classroom. Teachers also explore the
	National Center on Improving Literacy website
	to access resources for students who may be
	dyslexic.
2.B.4 Apply knowledge of how	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read
variations in phonology across dialects	pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to
	Support Reading for Understanding in
and speech patterns affect the	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide.
development of phonemic awareness .	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers should discuss how the
	information they have learned from the practice
	guide can be applied in the classroom in
	teaching English learners.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers will include instructional strategies in
	their lesson plans for addressing phonology with
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2.B.5 Apply knowledge of how variations in phonology across dialects and speech patterns affect written and oral language (e.g., speech and language disorders, language and dialect differences).	Required Course Reading(s):): Teachers read pages 4 and 5 of the Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers should discuss how the information they have learned from the practice guide can be applied in the classroom in teaching English learners. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will include instructional strategies in their lesson plans for addressing oral language with English learners.	
2.B.6 Provide evidence-based phonics instruction to improve phonemic awareness and enhance encoding and decoding skills.	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers review Table D.6 on page 77 in Appendix D of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide. Teachers read the Educator Training Initiatives Brief on Structured Literacy Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss how the studies in the table address the how-to-steps in Recommendation 3 of the practice guide. Teachers discuss the elements of effective instruction and the importance of these for at- risk students. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will work collaborate to develop lesson plans that incorporate what they have learned and implement them in the classroom.	

2.B.7 Apply evidence-based practices	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
for students with characteristics of	pages 19-23 and pages 26-30 of the Assisting	
reading difficulties, including students	Students Struggling with Reading: Response to	
with dyslexia , based on their strengths	Intervention (Rtl) and Multi-Tier Intervention in	
and needs to improve phonemic	the Primary Grades practice guide	
awareness.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
awareness.	Level: Working in pairs or small groups, teachers	
	will use scenario data and identify areas of	
	strengths and how they will build upon these	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers write a reflection that conveys the	
	evidence-based practices they use with students	
	having reading difficulties to improve phonemic	
	awareness. Teachers are to bring samples of	
	student work and lesson planning that	
	incorporates these practices within their	
	classroom settings.	
2.B.8 Apply evidence-based practices	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
for teaching phonemic awareness to	pages 4 and 5 of the Foundational Skills to	
English learners.	Support Reading for Understanding in	
0	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers should discuss how the	
	information they have learned from the practice	
	guide can be applied in the classroom in	
	teaching English learners.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers will include instructional strategies in	
	their lesson plans for addressing oral language	
	with English learners.	

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	2.B.9 Administer and document appropriate phonological awareness informal and formal assessments to inform instruction to meet individual student strengths and needs.	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read pages 11-16 of the Assisting Students Struggling with Reading: Response to Intervention (RtI) and Multi-Tier Intervention in the Primary Grades practice guide Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss Table 3 on page 13 in small groups. Time is then allowed for small groups to share out to the whole group. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss the assessments that are used in their classroom and how they use the data to make decisions.		
Competency 2				
Application of Evidence-based Instructional Practices				
Performance Indicator C: Phonics				
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	

Click or tap here to	2.C.1 Apply explicit, systematic and	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers review	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR
enter text.	sequential evidence-based instruction	Table D.6 on page 77 in Appendix D of the	COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers
	in single- and multisyllabic word	Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	will develop a series of at least
	reading, including orthographic	Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	five lessons as a culminating
	mapping for regular and irregular	Grade practice guide. Teachers read the	activity for Competencies 1 & 2.
	words.	Educator Training Initiatives Brief on Structured	Using the appropriate grade
	words:	Literacy	level standards, the teacher will
		Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	develop lessons that incorporate
		Level: The group discusses how the studies in	evidence-based instructional
		the table address the how-to-steps in	practices that promote
		Recommendation 3 of the practice guide. They	comprehension, oral language,
		also discuss the elements of effective instruction	phonological awareness,
		and the importance of these for at-risk students.	phonics, fluency, and
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	vocabulary. The lessons will
		Teachers will work collaborate to develop lesson	contain activities that are
		plans that incorporate what they have learned	differentiated and address the
		and implement them in the classroom.	needs of struggling readers
	2.C.2 Apply evidence-based instruction	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers review	including students with dyslexia,
	in grapheme-phoneme patterns in	Table D.6 on page 77 in Appendix D of the	English learners, students
	spelling and written expression.	Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	working on grade level, and
		Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	those working above grade
		Grade practice guide. Teachers read the	levels. They will include
		Educator Training Initiatives Brief on Structured	multisensory approaches. The
		Literacy. Teachers read pages 22-31 of the	teacher should describe how
		Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	data was analyzed to ascertain
		Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	the needs of students. The
		Grade practice guide.	lessons will be conducted in the
		Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	classroom and teachers will
		Level: Teachers watch video #11 from the	submit their lessons along with a
		foundational reading skills practice guide PLC on	reflection sheet to their

	compound words and record what they learned	facilitator after they deliver the
	that confirms or contradicts what they already	lessons in the classroom. In
	knew about teaching the specific skill	addition, teachers will make a
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	presentation of their lessons
	Teachers will work collaborate to develop lesson	during the last session of the
	plans that incorporate what they have learned	course.
	and implement them in the classroom.	
2.C.3 Apply evidence-based instruction	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
in structural analysis and morphology	pages 26-31 in the Foundational Skills to	
of words.	Support Reading for Understanding in	
	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide.	
	(Recommendation 3) regarding decoding words,	
	analyzing word parts, and writing and	
	recognizing words.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: : Teachers discuss their reading in small	
	groups.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers will work collaborate to develop lesson	
	plans that incorporate what they have learned	
	and implement them in the classroom.	
2.C.4 Incorporate evidence-based	Required Course Reading(s):): Teachers read	
spelling and writing practices that	pages 25-27 in the Foundational Skills to	
connect reading and writing (e.g.,	Support Reading for Understanding in	
Elkonin boxes, spelling of Greek and	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide.	
Latin roots and affixes).	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers review how-to steps 2 and 3 on	
	instructing students in common spelling	
	patterns and teaching students to read common	
	word parts	

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2.C.5 Apply evidence-based practices for students with reading difficulties, including students with dyslexia , base on their strengths and needs to improve phonics development.	 pages 19-23 and pages 26-30 of the Assisting Students Struggling with Reading: Response to Intervention (RtI) and Multi-Tier Intervention in the Primary Grades practice guide Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss the recommendations and how-to steps. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers write a reflection that conveys the evidence-based practices they use with students having reading difficulties to improve phonics development. These reflections are based on application of Activities 20-32 of the Professional Learning Communities Participants Activities and Prepare to Share sessions using these activities as well as other evidence supported strategies
2.C.6 Apply an English learner's home language as a foundation and strength to support the development of phoni in English.	the article "Unlocking the Research on English

2.C.7 Administer and document appropriate phonics informal and formal assessments to inform instruction to meet individual student strengths and needs.	Curriculum Study Assignment at IndicatorLevel: Teachers discuss how learning to read intheir home language can assist instruction inEnglish.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:Teachers write a reflection based on classroomartifacts or developed lesson specificallyaddressing how they use/plan to use an Englishlearner's knowledge of their home language tosupport the development of phonics in English.Required Course Reading(s): Teachers readpages 11-15 - Recommendation 1 of theAssisting Students Struggling with Reading:Response to Intervention (Rtl) and Multi-TierIntervention in the Primary Grades. ReviewTable 3 on page 13 - Recommended TargetAreas for Early Screening ad ProgressMonitoring.Curriculum Study Assignment at IndicatorLevel: Teachers discuss each type of assessmentand share the ones they use and how the usethe data.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:Teachers share data from their assessmentswith one another in small groups and reflecthow the data could be used to guide instruction.		
	Competency 2 ence-based Instructional Practices		
Performance Indicator D: Fluency			

Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
Click or tap here to	2.D.1 Apply intentional, explicit,	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR
enter text.	systematic and sequential	pages 32-37 of the Foundational Skills to	COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers
	instructional practices to develop	Support Reading for Understanding in	will develop a series of at least
	accuracy, rate and prosody (e.g.,	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide	five lessons as a culminating
	paired reading, repeated reading,	(Recommendation 4) on ensuring that each	activity for Competencies 1 & 2.
	echo reading, cued phrase reading).	student reads connected text every day to	Using the appropriate grade
		support reading accuracy fluency, and	level standards, the teacher will
		comprehension. Teachers view videos 32 and	develop lessons that incorporate
		33 from the PLC addressing word reading	evidence-based instructional
		strategies and The Fix-It Game and complete the	practices that promote
		video viewing guides for both videos.	comprehension, oral language,
		Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	phonological awareness,
		Level: Teachers discuss the how-to steps to	phonics, fluency, and
		implementing the recommendation including	vocabulary. The lessons will
		modeling strategies, scaffold, and provide	contain activities that are
		feedback to support student reading accurately	differentiated and address the
		and with efficient word identification; teaching	needs of struggling readers
		students to self-monitor their understanding of	including students with dyslexia,
		the text and to self-correct word-reading errors;	English learners, students
		provide opportunities for oral reading practice	working on grade level, and
		with feedback to develop fluent and accurate	those working above grade
		reading with expression.	levels. They will include
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: In	multisensory approaches. The
		small groups, teachers share plans to implement	teacher should describe how
		an activity to enhance fluency and share with	data was analyzed to ascertain
		the whole group. They develop a plan to	the needs of students. The
		provide students opportunities for oral reading	lessons will be conducted in the

	with feedback. Teachers implement their plan in	classroom and teachers will
	the classroom and prepare to report back to the	submit their lessons along with a
		reflection sheet to their
	group during the next session of the course.	
2.D.2 Teach readers to adjust their	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	facilitator after they deliver the
reading rate to accommodate the	pages 32-37 of the Foundational Skills to	lessons in the classroom. In
kinds of texts they are reading and	Support Reading for Understanding in	addition, teachers will make a
their purpose for reading to facilitate	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide	presentation of their lessons
comprehension.	(Recommendation 4) on ensuring that each	during the last session of the
	student reads connected text every day to	course.
	support reading accuracy fluency, and	
	comprehension.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers read a text that is complex for	
	them (technical, medical, etc.) and chart out	
	what they did to help themselves comprehend	
	the text. They discuss the importance of	
	adjusting reading rate according to the text and	
	purpose for reading.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers document what they do in the	
	classroom to teach students to adjust their	
	reading rate.	
2.D.3 Apply evidence-based practices	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read the	
to develop automaticity in word-level	activities on page 36 of the Foundational Skills	
skills and oral reading fluency in	to Support Reading for Understanding in	
connected text .	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide	
	to help students improve their fluency.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers choose to implement one or	
	more of them, including activities that use oral	

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2.D.4 Teach readers explicitly how to activate their background knowledge, self-monitor and self-correct (i.e., metacognition) to enhance fluency as a bridge to comprehension of text.	 language and writing experiences, in upcoming reading lessons. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers document implementation of the activity in their lesson plans. Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read pages 32-37 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade practice guide (Recommendation 4) on ensuring that each student reads connected text every day to support reading accuracy fluency, and comprehension. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers read a text that is complex for them (technical, medical, etc.) and chart out what they did to help themselves comprehend the text. They discuss the importance of helping students access their background knowledge, self-monitor, and self-correct to aid comprehension. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers document what they do in the classroom to teach students to adjust their reading rate. 	
2.D.5 Provide daily opportunities for	Required Course Reading(s):): Teachers read pages 32-37 of the Foundational Skills to	
readers to practice reading, with	Support Reading for Understanding in	
support and corrective feedback , to increase accuracy , rate , prosody and reading endurance.	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide (Recommendation 4) on ensuring that each	

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fo re w ar de	D.6 Apply evidence-based practices or students with characteristics of eading difficulties, including students with dyslexia , based on their strengths and needs to improve fluency evelopment and reading endurance.	student reads connected text every day to support reading accuracy fluency, and comprehension. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss how they schedule daily opportunities for students to practice reading with support and corrective feedback. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers create a schedule that reflects daily opportunities for their students to practice reading with support and corrective feedback. Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read the activities on page 36 of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide to help students improve their fluency. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss how these activities could be used to help students with characteristics of reading difficulties, including students with dyslexia, to improve fluency and reading endurance. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers conduct an activity with a student with reading difficulties and write a reflection. Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
fle as m	D.7 Administer and document uency informal and formal ssessments to inform instruction to neet individual student strengths and eeds.	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read pages 11-16 of the Assisting Students Struggling with Reading: Response to Intervention and Multi-Tier Intervention in the Primary Grades	

		practice guide. Teachers review Table 3 on page 13 Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss the reading and the Table. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers review fluency data from their classrooms in small groups and discuss how the data should drive instruction.		
		Competency 2		
	Application of Evid	ence-based Instructional Practices		
	Performance Indicator E: Vocabulary			
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	
Click or tap here to enter text.	2.E.1 Apply evidence-based instruction in receptive and expressive vocabulary to enhance reading comprehension.	Required Course Reading(s):): Teachers read page 11-12 in the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide regarding teaching academic vocabulary in the context of other reading activities Teachers read pages 11- 15 of the Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and Intervention practice guide on Recommendation 1 – Explicit vocabulary instruction. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss Example 1.6 on Academic vocabulary instruction on page 12 of the and share vocabulary activities they have	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers will develop a series of at least five lessons as a culminating activity for Competencies 1 & 2. Using the appropriate grade level standards, the teacher will develop lessons that incorporate evidence-based instructional practices that promote comprehension, oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, and vocabulary. The lessons will	

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	used in their classrooms. They also discuss	contain activities that are
	challenges they face in teaching vocabulary.	differentiated and address the
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	needs of struggling readers
	Teachers select a brief text and select two-three	including students with dyslexia,
	academic vocabulary words to explicitly teach to	English learners, students
	students. Teachers complete the lesson plan	working on grade level, and
	template in the Foundational Skills to Support	those working above grade
	Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten	levels. They will include
	Through 3 rd Grade practice guide PLC and teach	multisensory approaches. The
	the vocabulary lesson in the classroom. They	teacher should describe how
	share their lesson and experience in the next	data was analyzed to ascertain
	session.	the needs of students. The
2.E.2 Incorporate evidence-based	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers view	lessons will be conducted in the
vocabulary instruction in morphology	Video 8 from the Foundational Skills to Support	classroom and teachers will
(e.g., Greek and Latin roots and	Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten	submit their lessons along with a
affixes) and contextual analysis.	Through 3 rd Grade practice guide practice guide	reflection sheet to their
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PLC on morphology.	facilitator after they deliver the
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	lessons in the classroom. In
	Level: Teachers answer several questions	addition, teachers will make a
	related to the video such as What is	presentation of their lessons
	morphology? What are some examples? At	during the last session of the
	which grade level should teachers model	course.
	morphology, and how might you incorporate	
	teaching morphology to enhance students'	
	academic vocabulary?	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers incorporate instruction in morphology	
	into their instruction and write a reflection	
	documenting how they are doing so.	

2 E 2 Analy intentional available	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
2.E.3 Apply intentional, explicit,		
systematic and sequential evidence-	page 11-12 in the Foundational Skills to Support	
based practices to vocabulary	Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten	
development and scaffolding concept	Through 3 rd Grade practice guide regarding	
development (e.g., figurative	teaching academic vocabulary in the context of	
language, dialogic reading, semantic	other reading activities Teachers read pages 11-	
mapping, etc.).	15 of the Improving Adolescent Literacy:	
	Effective Classroom and Intervention practice	
	guide on Recommendation 1 – Explicit	
	vocabulary instruction.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers discuss the how-to steps for	
	teaching vocabulary in the Adolescent Literacy:	
	Effective Classroom and Intervention practice	
	guide.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers select a brief text and select two-three	
	academic vocabulary words to explicitly teach to	
	students. Teachers complete the lesson plan	
	template in the Foundational Skills to Support	
	Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten	
	Through 3 rd Grade practice guide PLC and teach	
	the vocabulary lesson in the classroom. They	
	share their lesson and experience in the next	
	session.	
2.E.4 Provide explicit instruction in	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
basic and sophisticated vocabulary,	page 11-12 in the Foundational Skills to Support	
high-frequency multiple meaning	Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten	
words and domain-specific	Through 3 rd Grade practice guide regarding	
vocabulary.	teaching academic vocabulary in the context of	

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	other reading activities Teachers read pages 11-	
	15 of the Improving Adolescent Literacy:	
	Effective Classroom and Intervention practice	
	guide on Recommendation 1 – Explicit	
	vocabulary instruction.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers discuss the reading	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers integrate vocabulary instruction into	
	their lessons and share with the group in	
	subsequent sessions how they have done so	
2.E.5 Apply evidence-based reading	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
and writing practices to enhance	page 11-12 in the Foundational Skills to Support	
vocabulary.	Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten	
	Through 3 rd Grade practice guide regarding	
	teaching academic vocabulary in the context of	
	other reading activities Teachers read pages 11-	
	15 of the Improving Adolescent Literacy:	
	Effective Classroom and Intervention practice	
	guide on Recommendation 1 – Explicit	
	vocabulary instruction.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers discuss the reading and how	
	writing can be used to enhance vocabulary	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers conduct a writing lesson in their	
	classroom with an emphasis on vocabulary and	
	write a reflection on the lesson.	
2.E.6 Provide a classroom learning	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
environment that supports wide	page 11-12 in the Foundational Skills to Support	
		l

reading of print and digital texts, both	Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten	
informational and literary, to enhance	Through 3 rd Grade practice guide regarding	
vocabulary.	teaching academic vocabulary in the context of	
	other reading activities Teachers read pages 11-	
	15 of the Improving Adolescent Literacy:	
	Effective Classroom and Intervention practice	
	guide on Recommendation 1 – Explicit	
	vocabulary instruction.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers discuss the reading and their	
	own classroom environment. They describe how	
	their learning environment supports vocabulary	
	development.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers take photos of reading areas,	
	classroom libraries etc. that they will share with	
	other participants.	
2.E.7 Apply evidence-based practices	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read this	
for students with characteristics of	article from the Texas Center for Learning	
reading difficulties, including students	Disabilities and consider how the evidence-	
with dyslexia , based on their strengths	based strategies could be used in their	
and needs to improve vocabulary	classrooms:	
development.	https://www.texasldcenter.org/teachers-	
development.	corner/five-research-based-ways-to-teach-	
	vocabulary	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers discuss the reading.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers create a lesson using one or more of	
	the vocabulary strategies noted in the article.	

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2.E.8 Incorporate instructional	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
practices that develop authentic uses	page 13-30 in the Teaching Academic Content	
of English to assist English learners in	and Literacy to English Learners in Elementary	
learning academic vocabulary and	and Middle School practice guide regarding	
content (e.g., cognates).	teaching academic vocabulary	
content (e.g., cognates).	(Recommendation 1).	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: In small groups, teachers discuss the	
	reading and the activities that are presented in	
	the practice guide	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers choose an activity to implement in	
	their classroom and share with the whole group	
	in an upcoming session.	
2.E.9 Administer and document	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers review	
appropriate vocabulary informal and	the Assessment section of Reading 101:A Guide	
formal assessments to inform	to Teaching Reading and Writing and discuss the	
instruction to meet individual student	Overview of Informal Assessments at Reading	
strengths and needs.	<u>101: A Guide to Teaching Reading and Writing.</u>	
	Teachers also review the assessments available	
	in their district and discuss how they use the	
	data to drive instruction.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers discuss how they assess	
	vocabulary learning in their classrooms.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers review data from vocabulary	
	assessments in their classroom and plan for	
	upcoming instruction based on the data.	
Competency 2		

Application of Evidence-based Instructional Practices			
	Performance	Indicator F: Comprehension	
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
Click or tap here to enter text.	2.F.1 Use both evidence-based oral language and writing experiences (i.e., language experiences, dictation, summary writing) to enhance comprehension.	Required Course Reading(s): . Teachers read pages 7-8 in the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten through 3rd Grade practice guide. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss how oral and written language can enhance comprehension. Teachers review Example 1.3 on page 9 of the foundational reading skills practice guide which recounts a conversation between a teacher and students to enhance oral language skills and thus facilitate comprehension.Click or tap here to enter text. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers list evidence-based practices they use in their classrooms to enhance oral language and writing experiences to enhance comprehension.	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers will develop a series of at least five lessons as a culminating activity for Competencies 1 & 2. Using the appropriate grade level standards, the teacher will develop lessons that incorporate evidence-based instructional practices that promote comprehension, oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, and vocabulary. The lessons will contain activities that are differentiated and address the needs of struggling readers including students with dyslexia,
	2.F.2 Apply explicit , systematic and sequential evidence-based comprehension practices (e.g., student question generation, summarizing, extended text discussion).	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read pages 21-25 in the Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and Intervention Practices practice guide addressing Recommendation 3: Provide opportunities for	English learners, students working on grade level, and those working above grade levels. They will include multisensory approaches. The

		1
	extended discussion of text meaning and	teacher should describe how
	interpretation.	data was analyzed to ascertain
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	the needs of students. The
	Level: Teachers discuss the text.	lessons will be conducted in the
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	classroom and teachers will
	Teachers select a text they use in their	submit their lessons along with a
	classroom and develop questions to facilitate	reflection sheet to their
	discussion or serve as writing prompts.	facilitator after they deliver the
2.F.3 Apply appropriate instructional	Required Course Reading(s):): Teachers read	lessons in the classroom. In
practices to improve comprehension	pages 30-32 in the Improving Reading	addition, teachers will make a
in domain-specific texts as determined	Comprehension in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	presentation of their lessons
by the student's strengths and needs.	Grade practice or pages 16-20 in the Improving	during the last session of the
	Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and	course.
	Intervention Practices practice guide on	
	selecting texts purposefully to support	
	comprehension development.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers select a domain-specific book	
	and model a comprehension strategy for	
	students in the classroom. They can use a	
	strategy for a digital or printed text and should	
	discuss with students how the strategy might	
	differ depending on the type of text that is	
	being used.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers select a domain-specific book and	
	model a comprehension strategy for students in	
	the classroom. They can use a strategy for a	
	digital or printed text and should discuss with	

	<u> </u>
	students how the strategy might differ
	depending on the type of text that is being used
2.F.4 Provide daily purposeful	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read
opportunities for all students to read a	pages 32-37 in the Foundational Skills to
wide variety of texts , with discussion	Support Reading for Understanding in
and feedback, to build students'	Kindergarten Through Third Grade practice
capacity for comprehension .	guide.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss in small groups how
	they ensure that each student reads connected
	text every day and how they teach students to
	self-monitor and self-correct when reading.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers watch Video 33 from the Professional
	Learning Communities Facilitator's Guide for the
	What Works Clearinghouse Practice Guide:
	Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
	Understanding in Kindergarten through 3rd
	Grade (foundational reading skills practice guide
	PLC) (The Fix-It Game) and complete the video
	viewing guide. After viewing the video, teachers
	discuss which words presented opportunities
	for the teacher to model, scaffold, and provide
	feedback to support accurate and efficient word
	identification.
2.F.5 Use the interaction of readers'	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read
characteristics (background	Appendix D pages 50-53 regarding rationale for
knowledge, interests, strengths and	evidence rating for Recommendation 1 – Teach
needs) along with-motivation, text	students how to use reading comprehension
	strategies in the Improving Reading

complexity and purpose for reading to	Comprehension in Kindergarten Through 3 rd	
impact comprehension and student	Grade practice guide. Teachers read pages 26-	
engagement.	30 in the Improving Adolescent Literacy:	
	Effective Classroom and Intervention Practices	
	practice guide.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
	Level: Teachers discuss how engage students,	
	activate prior knowledge, encourage inference	
	making, and teach summarizing in their	
	classroom. They also discuss how they use the	
	gradual release model.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers write a reflection sharing how they	
	intentionally incorporate these practices in their	
	classroom.	
2.F.6 Plan, provide and document daily	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read	
opportunities for reading of connected	pages 32-27 in the Foundational Skills to	
text with corrective feedback to	Support Reading for Understanding in	
support accuracy, fluency, reading	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide	
endurance and comprehension .	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	
endulance and comprenension.	Level: Teachers discuss in small groups how	
	they ensure that each student reads connected	
	text every day and how they teach students to	
	self-monitor and self-correct when reading.	
	Teachers watch Video 33 from the Professional	
	Learning Communities Facilitator's Guide for the	
	What Works Clearinghouse Practice Guide:	
	Foundational Skills to Support Reading for	
	Foundational skills to support Reading for	
	Understanding in Kindergarten through 3rd	

	PLC) (The Fix-It Game) and complete the video
	viewing guide
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers develop a schedule to ensure students
	have opportunities to read connected text every
	day with corrective feedback.
2.F.7 Determine appropriate cognitive	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read
targets (e.g., locate/recall;	pages 24-25 in the Improving Reading
integrate/interpret; critique/evaluate)	Comprehension in Kindergarten through 3 rd
based on reader's cognitive	Grade practice guide on using discussion to help
development in the construction of	students meet cognitive targets. Review Table 7
· · ·	which is a description of NAEP categories of
meaning of literary and informational	comprehension and discuss.
texts.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Discuss the reading above.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers summarize the reading and explain
	orally how they establish cognitive targets in
	their classrooms
2.F.8 Select from a wide variety of	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read
print and digital texts that are	pages 30-32 in the Improving Reading
appropriate to provide comprehension	Comprehension for Kindergarten Through 3 rd
instruction utilizing a variety of	Grade practice or pages 16-20 in the Improving
methods (i.e., active reading).	Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and
methous (i.e., active reading).	Intervention Practices practice guide on
	selecting texts purposefully to support
	comprehension development.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss the reading.

	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers develop and share lists of sources of
	digital texts and discuss how they select texts
	for instruction.
2.F.9 Apply intentional, explicit ,	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read
systematic and sequential evidence-	Appendix D pages 50-53 regarding rationale for
based practices for scaffolding	evidence rating for Recommendation 1 – Teach
development of well-developed	students how to use reading comprehension
language, comprehension skills (i.e.,	strategies in the Improving Reading
making inferences, activating	Comprehension for Kindergarten Through 3 rd
	Grade practice guide
background knowledge), higher order	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
thinking, comprehension monitoring	Level: Teachers discuss in small groups how
and self-correcting to increase	they ensure that each student reads connected
understanding of text .	text every day and how they teach students to
	self-monitor and self-correct when reading.
	Teachers watch Video 33 from the Professional
	Learning Communities Facilitator's Guide for the
	What Works Clearinghouse Practice Guide:
	Foundational Skills to Support Reading for
	Understanding in Kindergarten through 3rd
	Grade (foundational reading skills practice guide
	PLC) (The Fix-It Game) and complete the video
	viewing guide. After viewing the video, teachers
	discuss which words presented opportunities
	for the teacher to model, scaffold, and provide
	feedback to support accurate and efficient word
	identification.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers model comprehension strategies for

	students and help them understand when to
	apply the strategies.
2.F.10 Apply evidence-based practices	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers review
to improve reading comprehension for	pages 20-67(Recommendation 3) in the
students, including those with	Providing Reading Interventions for Students in
characteristics of reading difficulties	Grades 4-9.
and dyslexia , based on their strengths	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
and needs.	Level: Teachers jigsaw the text – some read
	pages 20-36; others pages 37-46; and others
	read pages 47-67.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using
	artifacts based on evidence-based small or
	whole group lessons used within their
	classrooms, teachers will share evidence-based
	practices they implement in their classrooms
	and discuss determination of strengths and
	needs of students represented with these
2.5.44 Use here whether of Euclish	artifacts
2.F.11 Use knowledge of English	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read
learners' linguistic and cultural	pages 31-45 (Recommendation 2) of Teaching Academic Content in Literacy to English Learners
background to support	in Elementary and Middle School. Teachers
comprehension, including English	discuss the importance of using linguistic and
learners with characteristics of reading	cultural background to help facilitate
difficulties and dyslexia.	comprehension skills. Teachers review
	strategies presented in the practice guide to
	help facilitate comprehension.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss the importance of using

strategies presented in the practice guide to help facilitate comprehension.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will develop a lesson plan to enhance text discussions based on Recommendation 3 (pgs. 23-29) of the Improving Reading Comprehension in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade practice guide. They will then conduct the lesson in their classrooms.2.F.12 Administer and document appropriate comprehension informal and formal assessments to inform instruction determined by individual student strengths and needs.Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read pages 10-18- Recommendation 1 from the Using Student Achievement Data to Support Instructional Decision Making, which addresses using data in an ongoing cycle of instructional improvement. Teachers discuss the data they use to make decisions and how they analyze that data. Teachers read How to Analyze or Assess Reading Comprehension and discuss.Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers also review the assessments available in their district and discuss how they use the data to drive instruction.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers also review the assessments available in their district and discuss how they use the data to drive instruction.
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	Application of Evidence-based Instructional Practices		
	Performance Indicator G: Integration of Reading Components		
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
Click or tap here to enter text.	2.G.1 Apply the knowledge of phonemic, semantic and syntactic variability between English and other languages to inform instruction.	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read the article "Fostering Literacy Development in English Language Learners" by Karen Ford at the Colorin Colorado! Website.Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss the article in small groups. choose one article from the "resources to read" and summarize for members of their small group.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:Teachers will be given language scenarios that include specific examples of variability within languages and will develop and when applicable deliver lesson. Upper-level teachers can engage their classroom students in this activity to increase their metacognitive level to this variability.	CULMINATING PROJECT FOR COMPETENCY 1 & 2: Teachers will develop a series of at least five lessons as a culminating activity for Competencies 1 & 2. Using the appropriate grade level standards, the teacher will develop lessons that incorporate evidence-based instructional practices that promote comprehension, oral language, phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, and vocabulary. The lessons will contain activities that are differentiated and address the needs of struggling readers including students with dyslexia, English learners, students
	2.G.2 Employ appropriate evidence- based practices to develop students' metacognitive skills in reading, including English learners (e.g., text coding , two-column notes).	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers reviewTables 3 and 4 on pages 12-13 of the ImprovingReading Comprehension in KindergartenThrough 3 rd Grade practice guide detailingspecific strategies for improving students'metacognitive skills in reading including English	English learners, students working on grade level, and those working above grade levels. They will include multisensory approaches. The teacher should describe how

	learners.	data was analyzed to ascertain
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	the needs of students. The
	Level: Teachers discuss the reading in small	lessons will be conducted in the
	group.	classroom and teachers will
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	submit their lessons along with a
	Teachers share artifacts and plans that	reflection sheet to their
	demonstrate the integration of one of the	facilitator after they deliver the
	evidence-based practices in their reading.	lessons in the classroom. In
2.G.3 Apply the knowledge of the	Required Course Reading(s):	addition, teachers will make a
interdependence among the reading	https://www.weareteachers.com/scarboroughs-	presentation of their lessons
components and their effect upon	rope/	during the last session of the
reading as a process for all students.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator	course.
	Level: Teachers discuss the article and how	
	applying this knowledge of interdependence	
	among the reading components and their effect	
	as a process for all students enhances their	
	reading instruction.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers review recent lesson plans to reflect	
	upon how they can ensure that they have	
	integrated instructional practices. Teachers plan	
	for integration of reading components in	
	subsequent lessons and document how they	
	have accomplished this integration.	
2.G.4 Use oral language and an	Required Course Reading(s): After teachers	
information intensive environment to	read pages 7-8 of the Foundational Skills to	
impact reading and writing	Support Reading for Understanding in	
development.	Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide,	
	they review Example 1.1 on page 7. discuss how	
	social and academic language differ. They also	

dis	scuss inferential language, narrative language,
	scuss interential language, narrative language,
and	nd academic vocabulary. Teachers chart ideas
too	create an environment where students can
pra	actice social and academic language and
dise	scuss diverse texts.
Cui	urriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
Lev	evel: Teachers discuss how social and academic
lan	nguage differ. They also discuss inferential
lan	nguage, narrative language, and academic
voc	ocabulary. Teachers chart ideas to create an
env	nvironment where students can practice social
and	nd academic language and discuss diverse
tex	xts.
For	ormative Assessment at Indicator Level:
Tea	eachers share artifacts and lesson plans that
der	emonstrate an information intense
env	nvironment designed to impact reading and
wri	riting development.
2.G.5 Use evidence-based practices for Rec	equired Course Reading(s): Teachers review
selecting literature and domain specific pgs	gs. 30-38 in the Improving Reading
print and digital text appropriate to Cor	omprehension in Kindergarten Through 3 rd
	rade practice guide – Recommendations 4 & 5
proficiency. on	n selecting texts purposefully to support
cor	omprehension and establishing an engaging
and	nd motivating context in which to teach
rea	ading comprehension.
Cu	urriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
Lev	evel: Teachers discuss the composition of their
clas	assroom libraries and create a list of titles that

2.G.6 Apply knowledge of the relationships among decoding , automatic word recognition, fluency and comprehension in reading instruction.	 would be high interest to students and add to the diversity of the library Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers use the B.E.S.T. standards sample book lists and other research-based resources to select text and create an information intensive environment. Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read page two of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd grade practice guide. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss how all of the recommendations work together to help develop readers with strong foundational and comprehension skills. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers create a graphic depicting how the components of reading work together to foster comprehension.
2.G.7 Apply intentional, explicit, systematic and sequential evidence- based practices for scaffolding the interconnection of each of the following: graphophonemics, syntax, semantics, pragmatics, vocabulary, schema and text structures required for comprehension.	 Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read page two of the Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd grade practice guide and pages 17-22 of the Improving Reading Comprehension in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade practice guide . Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss the reading. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using the FLDOE Practice Profile as a tool to establish

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	common language and provide specific
	feedback, teachers will be observed at their
	school site, teaching a lesson designed to
	support comprehension by interconnecting
	graphophonemics, syntax, semantics,
	pragmatics, vocabulary schema and text
	structures. These artifacts will be shared in
	small groups
2.G.8 Apply evidence-based practices	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read
for students with characteristics of	pages 1-3 of the Providing Reading
reading difficulties, including students	Interventions for Students in Grades 4-9
with dyslexia , based on their strengths	practice guide and skim through the
and needs to integrate the	recommendations in the document.
components of reading.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss examples of evidence-
	based practices they find in the practice guide
	integrating the components of reading.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers select an evidence-based practice to
	implement in their classroom and write a
	reflection.
2.G.9 Engage and support caregivers	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers review
and families in evidence-based	one of the <u>Supporting Family Involvement in</u>
language and reading development	Foundational Reading Skills teacher guides for
activities for their children and	Kindergarten, first, second or third grade
adolescents.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: : Teachers select a video from the
	teacher-guide and explore the activity depicted
	in the video

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	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers prepare the materials for one of the
	family activities and use it to engage families of
	students in their classrooms. Click or tap here to
	enter text.
2.G.10 Communicate (orally and in	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers read the
writing) the meaning of reading	article How to Share Data with Families from
assessment data with students,	ASCD.
caregivers and other teachers.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers discuss the article why it is
	important to share data with families and how it
	can be beneficial
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:
	Teachers create a schedule of times during the
	school year when they will intentionally meet
	with families to share their student's data.
2.G.11 Triangulate documented data	Required Course Reading(s): Teachers review
from appropriate informal and formal	the Assessment section of Reading 101:A
reading assessments to inform	Guide to Teaching Reading and Writing and
instruction to address individual	discuss the Overview of Informal Assessments
student strengths and needs.	at Reading 101: A Guide to Teaching Reading
	and Writing. They will collect data with
	assessments used in their classrooms,
	triangulate that data, and use it to drive
	instruction.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator
	Level: Teachers also review the assessments
	available in their district and discuss how they
	use the data to drive instruction.

	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers collect data with assessments used	
	in their classrooms, triangulate that data, and	
	use it to drive instruction	

Competency 3 Introduction

Teachers will understand how to select and administer appropriate assessments and analyze data to inform reading instruction to meet the needs of all students. Teachers will engage in the systematic problem-solving process to identify characteristics of conditions such as dyslexia, provide appropriate interventions and conduct effective progress monitoring. (60 In-service hours)

		Competency 3	
		Foundations and Applications of Assessments	
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
01-013-008	3.1 Understand and apply measurement concepts and characteristics of reading assessments to identify students' strengths and needs.	Required Course Reading(s): Reading Rockets: The Simple View of Reading; The Access Center: Improving Outcomes for All students K-8 (2005), Early Learning Assessments: A Guiding Tool for Instruction, The Access Center, Washington D.C. University of Florida Literacy Initiative: Introduction to Reading Assessment https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gXVutdz5NG0; IES/WWC Using Student Achievement Data to Support Instructional Decision Making. Reading 101 is a service of WETA/ Reading Rockets in collaboration with the <u>Center for Effective Reading Instruction</u> and <u>The International Dyslexia</u> <u>Association</u> . Reading 101 is made possible in part by grants from The National Education Association and the LD Network. Overview of Informal Assessments at <u>Reading 101: A Guide to Teaching Reading and Writing</u> . <u>https://sedl.org/reading/rad/database.html</u> , this provides a data base of assessments and purpose Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will engage in discussions on topic of using reading assessments to identify students' strengths and need. They will understand and apply measurement concepts to identify strengths and needs of students. In small groups and	Teachers will administer a series of assessments including a norm- referenced, standardized test of reading (e.g., Woodcock-Johnson), informal reading inventory (e.g., Qualitative Reading Inventory), and a series of curriculum-based measures (i.e., writing progress monitoring assessment) that assess the five areas of reading (phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary and

	pairs they will practice administration of a variety of assessments and use	comprehension). In
	the student data packets to discuss and plan in a supported setting.	addition to formal and
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers gain understanding	informal assessments of
	and apply concepts using provided students scenario, actively engage in	reading achievement,
	administering and interpretation of data from assessments. This	teachers will also
	knowledge within their classrooms and shared through written reflections	interview the child or
	and discussions throughout sessions and in summative assessment.	administer a survey (e.g.,
3.2 Administer formative	Required Course Reading(s):): IES/WWC Using Student Achievement Data	attitudes toward
and summative	to Support Instructional Decision Making; University of Florida Literacy	reading) to provide a
assessments, including	Initiative: Introduction to Reading Assessment	more holistic
creening, progress	<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gXVutdz5NG0;</u> Reading 101 is a	understanding of the
nonitoring, diagnostic and	service of WETA/ Reading Rockets in collaboration with the Center for	child's reading
outcome measures and	Effective Reading Instruction and The International Dyslexia Association.	development. After
	Reading 101 is made possible in part by grants from The National	administering and
nderstand their purposes	Education Association and the LD Network. Overview of Informal	scoring the assessments,
d functions.	Assessments at Reading 101: A Guide to Teaching Reading and Writing.	teachers will analyze and
	https://sedl.org/reading/rad/database.html , this provides a data base of	synthesize findings into a
	assessments and purpose	report that includes: (1)
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will engage	a description of the
	in the administration of several different assessment types and gain	child's current reading
	knowledge of the classification types of assessment and purposes and how	performance, (2)
	to administer given assessments. Practice will be given for practice in	interpretation of the
	small groups, and pairs.	administered
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Given a list of assessments and	assessments, (3)
	purposes participants will complete a closed sort determining specific	instructional
	classification of assessment types and their functions. Additionally,	recommendations that
	participants will practice within their classrooms giving and interpreting a	includes methods for
	variety of assessments.	differentiating

3.3 Administer various	Required Course Reading(s): Reading Rockets: Informal Reading	instruction based on
informal reading	Assessments; Reading 101 is a service of WETA/ Reading Rockets in	learner needs, and (4)
assessments across each	collaboration with the <u>Center for Effective Reading Instruction</u> and <u>The</u>	future plans for
component of reading	International Dyslexia Association. Reading 101 is made possible in part by	monitoring progress
development and	grants from The National Education Association and the LD Network.	
	Overview of Informal Assessments at <u>Reading 101: A Guide to Teaching</u>	
understand their purposes	Reading and Writing. https://sedl.org/reading/rad/database.html, this	
and functions.	provides a data base of assessments and purpose; Teachers also review	
	the assessments available in their district and bring samples with	
	administration guides.	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Using free and	
	purchased informal assessments participants will engage in the	
	administration and scoring of informal reading assessments and discuss	
	their function and how the results inform the strengths and needs of	
	students.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will determine	
	informal assessment to use for which purpose and how this information	
	informs instruction and interventions. They will be given several informal	
	assessments to choose from and will practice giving these within their	
	classrooms. A reflection will be written and shared during the following	
	session.	
3.4 Understand the	Required Course Reading(s): IES/WWC Using Student Achievement Data	
purposes of various formal	to Support Instructional Decision Making; Institute of Education Sciences	
reading assessments	(IES) Regional Educational Laboratory Southeast at Florida State	
administered by school-	University: Reliability and Validity <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=L-</u>	
based educators, including	ofOlsuI4U; Reading 101 is a service of WETA/ Reading Rockets in	
the differences between	collaboration with the <u>Center for Effective Reading Instruction</u> and <u>The</u>	
norm-referenced and	International Dyslexia Association. Reading 101 is made possible in part by	
criterion-referenced	grants from The National Education Association and the LD Network.	
criterion-referencea	Overview of Informal Assessments at <u>Reading 101: A Guide to Teaching</u>	

assessments and how to	Reading and Writing. https://sedl.org/reading/rad/database.html , this
interpret data reports.	provides a data base of assessments and purpose
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Instructor will lead
	participants through data information and how to interpret data reports
	form these assessment types using the student data packet. Participants
	will work in small groups and pairs to understand the differences within
	assessment types and purposes as well as how to interpret reports. They
	will work in pairs and small groups administering different types of
	assessments and interpreting data reports available to them.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: When given formal reading
	assessment data, participants will be able to interpret data reports and
	inform instructional decisions based on this data.
3.5 Understand the	Required Course Reading(s): Institute of Education Sciences (IES) Regional
meaning of test reliability,	Educational Laboratory Southeast at Florida State University: Reliability
validity and standard error	and Validity https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=L-ofOlsuI4U; IES/WWC
of measurement and	Using Student Achievement Data to Support Instructional Decision
describe major types of	Making;
derived scores from	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Instructor will guide
standardized reading tests.	participants through reading and interpreting reliability, validity and
standardized redding tests.	standard error of measurement on given measures.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Participants will discuss the
	impact that certain testing conditions may have on the outcome of data
	and how to ensure the measures are given in a reliable way to ensure
	validity and keep the standard error of measurement true.
3.6 Demonstrate	Required Course Reading(s): IES/WWC Using Student Achievement Data
knowledge of the	to Support Instructional Decision Making; IES/WWC: Assisting Students
characteristics,	Struggling with Reading: Response to intervention and Multi-Tier
administration and	Intervention in Primary Grades; Reading 101 is a service of WETA/ Reading
interpretation of both	Rockets in collaboration with the <u>Center for Effective Reading</u>
	Instruction and The International Dyslexia Association. Reading 101 is

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quantitative and qualitative reading assessments, including for use in triangulating data and planning instruction.made possible in part by grants from The National Education Association and the LD Network. Overview of Informal Assessments at <u>Reading 101: A</u> Guide to Teaching Reading and Writing. https://sedl.org/reading/rad/database.html , this provides a data base of assessments and purpose Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will engage in the interpretation of quantitative and qualitative reading assessments and discuss implications for instructional planning. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Participants will be given data sets for them to analyze that include normed, criterion, informal, and
Including for use in triangulating data and planning instruction.Guide to Teaching Reading and Writing. https://sedl.org/reading/rad/database.html , this provides a data base of assessments and purpose Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will engage in the interpretation of quantitative and qualitative reading assessments and discuss implications for instructional planning. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Participants will be given data
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planning instruction.assessments and purposeCurriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will engage in the interpretation of quantitative and qualitative reading assessments and discuss implications for instructional planning.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Participants will be given data
Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will engage in the interpretation of quantitative and qualitative reading assessments and discuss implications for instructional planning. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Participants will be given data
and discuss implications for instructional planning. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Participants will be given data
Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Participants will be given data
sets for them to analyze that include normed, criterion, informal, and
qualitative data sets as well as information about the student for them to
plan for instruction individually, then discuss within groups. Additionally,
they will engage in a charting activity that delineates the differences
between quantitative and qualitative reading assessments and share with
the group.
3.7 Identify through Required Course Reading(s): Participants read article, The critical Role of
assessments the Instructional Response for Identifying Dyslexia and Other Learning
distinguishing Disabilities, Jeremy Mickiak, and Jack M. Fletcher. Just the Facts
characteristics of students information provided by the International DYSLEXIA Association.
who have a substantial IES/WWC: Assisting Students Struggling with Reading: Response to
intervention and Multi-Tier Intervention in Primary Grades: IES/WWC
deficiency in reading, Using Student Achievement Data to Support Instructional Decision
including those who exhibit Making. Reading 101 is a service of WETA/ Reading Rockets in
the characteristics of collaboration with the <u>Center for Effective Reading Instruction</u> and <u>The</u>
dyslexia. International Dyslexia Association. Reading 101 is made possible in part by
grants from The National Education Association and the LD Network.
Overview of Informal Assessments at Reading 101: A Guide to Teaching
Reading and Writing. https://sedl.org/reading/rad/database.html, this
provides a data base of assessments and purpose

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 3.8 Understand how reading disabilities, including dyslexia, vary in presentation and degree and know when to refer a student for additional assessment. 3.9 Know how to read and interpret standardized reading diagnostic test results administered by psychologists, speech- language professionals and aducational avaluators 	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will jig saw readings and as a group we will create a chart of perceptions vs. realities pertaining to these specific characteristics. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using case studies, teachers will interpret the results and explain the consistency of the student's performance with the characteristics of dyslexia. Required Course Reading(s): Participants read article, The critical Role of Instructional Response for Identifying Dyslexia and Other Learning Disabilities, Jeremy Mickiak, and Jack M. Fletcher. Just the Facts information provided by the International DYSLEXIA Association. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers discuss article and fact sheet Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using MTSS case studies of 3 different children teaches will analyze the provided data and indicate which student(s) present characteristics consistent with dyslexia and need further evaluation. Required Course Reading(s): How to Interpret standardized scores: https://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/reading/interpret_results.aspx; Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will engage in analysis of case study activities and discuss interpretation of thew findings of this report. Participants will interview staff at their school site to determine process, assessments used and instructional supports provided for students, parents, and educators to assist in the reading,
interpret standardized reading diagnostic test results administered by psychologists, speech-	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will engage in analysis of case study activities and discuss interpretation of thew findings of this report. Participants will interview staff at their school site to determine process, assessments used and instructional supports
educational evaluators.	understanding and implications of these findings. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using the case study scenario, they will w rite a short synopsis of the finding, implications for instruction, supports that would be offered if this student were assessed at their school site and share with group during the next session.
3.10 Understand how to document and use data within a systematic	Required Course Reading(s) IES/WWC: Assisting Students Struggling with Reading: Response to intervention and Multi-Tier Intervention in Primary

problem-solving process to differentiate instruction, intensify intervention and meet the needs of all students, including those who exhibit the characteristics of reading difficulties and dyslexia.	Grades; IES/WWC Using Student Achievement Data to Support Instructional Decision Making. IRIS Center Module: The Response-to-Intervention Approach https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/rti01/cresource/q1/p02/#contentand Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Working in groups or pairs participants will determine instructional changes that need to be made based on the information within the case study activity. Specifically, participants need to make a clear correlation to data used to determine these instructional changes and how they might be monitored for progress. They are to be specific in determining the assessments used and next steps based on their process for their school site. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using the information from the paired or small group activity, participants will write a short explanation using data sources from the scenario to support these instructional changes and how they will be monitored for effective results. Additionally, they are to include what the next step would be at their school site if the student does not show progress.	
3.11 Analyze data to identify trends that indicate adequate progress in student reading development.	Required Course Reading(s): https://www.readingrockets.org/article/student-progress-monitoring- what-means-your-child; IES/WWC Using Student Achievement Data to Support Instructional Decision Making; IES/WWC: Assisting Students Struggling with Reading: Response to intervention and Multi-Tier Intervention in Primary Grades; Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Using case study and data provided participants will discuss trends indicated by information and how to progress monitor students' progress. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Participants will create a list of progress monitoring tools and what they might monitor for use within classrooms.	

3.12 Identify appropriate	Required Course Reading(s):): Bureau of Exceptional Education and
assessments and	Student Services (BEESS), Division of Public Schools, Florida Department of
accommodations for	Education, http://fldoe.org/academics/exceptionalstudent-edu/beess-
progress monitoring all	resources/presentations-pubs;
students.	https://www.readingrockets.org/article/student-progress-monitoring-
students.	what-means-your-child; Brown, J. E., Sanford, A. (2011). RTI for English
	Language Learners: Appropriately Screening and Progress Monitoring to
	Improve Instructional Outcomes. National Center on Response to
	Intervention; https://mtss4success.org/resource/rti-english-language-
	learners-appropriately-using-screening-and-progress -monitoring-tools.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will
	interview MTSS representative at their school site to determine what
	progress monitoring assessments are used and how accommodations are
	given and the impact of these.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Participants will share this
	information with the group during the next session.
3.13 Identify, select and	Required Course Reading(s): <u>https://www.colorincolorado.org/school-</u>
administer language-	support/assessment-english-language-learners; multitude of resources
appropriate assessments in	and articles available at this site to assist learners. Brown, J. E., Sanford, A.
reading to students who	(2011). RTI for English Language Learners: Appropriately Screening and
are English learners.	Progress Monitoring to Improve Instructional Outcomes. National Center
	on Response to Intervention. https://mtss4success.org/resource/rti-
	english-language-learners-appropriately-using-screening-and-progress -
	monitoring-tools.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will
	interview school level staff responsible for administering the appropriate
	assessments in reading to students who are English learners and the
	process for determining levels of support and eligibility.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Participants will report back the
	following session on the assessment used and procedure that is followed

	as the impact these accommodations have when informing instructional decisions.	
3.16 Understand how to review assessment results with caregivers and families and share strategies for supporting reading development for students.	Required Course Reading(s): IES/WWC: Assisting Students Struggling with Reading: Response to intervention and Multi-Tier Intervention in Primary Grades Additional resource guide: https://fcrr.org/resources/supporting-family-involvement-foundational-reading-skills and https://www.fldoe.org/academics/standards/just-read-fl/families/ Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will review various on-line resources and sites provided to help educators inform parents in how to support their children in the area of reading.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will reference these resources in culminating project.	

Competency 4 Introduction

Teachers will have a broad knowledge of students from differing profiles in order to understand and apply evidence-based instructional practices by differentiating process, product and context. Teachers will engage in the systematic problem-solving process to identify characteristics of conditions such as dyslexia, provide appropriate interventions and conduct effective progress monitoring. (60 In-service hours)

Competency 4			
Foundations and Applications of Differentiated Instruction			
Course			
Number &	Indicator Code with	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative	Summative
Name of	Specific Indicator Language	Assessment	Assessment
Course			

01-013-009	4.1 Differentiate	Required Course Reading(s): Intensive Interventions Defined:	This assignment will
	evidence-based reading	https://intensiveintervention.org/data-based-individualization; Taxonomy	occur in stages.
	instruction in oral	of Intervention Intensity:	Teachers will design
	language, phonological	https://fcrr.org/sites/g/files/upcbnu2836/files/media/PDFs/reading-	and administer a series
	awareness, phonics,	endorsement/comp4/Taxonmy%20of%20Intervention%20Intensity.pdf;	of four lessons to
	fluency, vocabulary and	Reis, S.M., Renzulli, S.J., & Renzulli, J.S. (2021). Enrichment and gifted	address essential
		education pedagogy to develop talents, gifts and creative productivity.	components of reading
	comprehension, ranging	Education Sciences, 11, 615.; Vaughn, S., Gersten, R., Dimino, J., Taylor, M. J.,	instruction with
	from enrichment practices	Newman-Gonchar, R., Krowka, S., Kieffer, M. J., McKeown, M.,	learners in your
	to intensifying	Reed, D., Sanchez, M., St. Martin, K., Wexler, J., Morgan, S., Yañez, A., &	classroom setting. Two
	interventions.	Jayanthi, M. (2022). Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades	lessons will target word
		4–9 (WWC, 2007). Washington, DC: National Center for Education	recognition and
		Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences,	fluency, and two will
		U.S. Department of Education.	address vocabulary and
		Retrieved from https://whatworks.ed.gov/	comprehension. Word
		Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will analyze	Recognition and
		videos to identify evidence-based practices and methods used to	Fluency Lessons Both
		differentiate (e.g., make instruction more explicit, create additional	lessons will focus on
		opportunities for practice, affirmative and corrective feedback,	word recognition and
		opportunities for skill transfer, etc.) for ELLs, students performing below	fluency at the individual
		expected levels, and children with identified disabilities. Teachers will use	word level or in
		tools from sites on differentiation to guide their critiques including National	connected text. Word
		Center for Improving Literacy - https://improvingliteracy.org/ and The	recognition may include
		National Center on Intensive Intervention -	letter/sound
		https://intensiveintervention.org/	correspondence, sight
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Throughout the course, teachers	word instruction (i.e.,
		will share and reflect on lessons they created and implemented to include	high frequency words
		methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with	that are decodable
		dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They will	and/or irregular),
		reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e.,	phonics instruction,

		multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill,	and/or multisyllabic
		opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking,	word instruction.
		building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they	Fluency instruction may
			include reading rate,
		will continue to monitor progress to inform their planning.	
	4.2 Understand the stages	Required Course Reading(s): Sanford, A. (2011). RTI for English Language	accuracy and/or
	of English acquisition for	Learners: Appropriately Screening and Progress Monitoring to Improve	prosody of connected
	English learners and	Instructional Outcomes. National Center on Response to Intervention.	text or rate and
	differentiate evidence-	https://mtss4success.org/resource/rti-english-language-learners-	accuracy of individual
	based reading instruction	appropriately-using-screening-and-progress-monitoring-tools; website:	word reading.
	for students at different	https://www.colorincolorado.org/ell-basics/ell-resources-grade	Vocabulary and
	levels of English	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Working in pairs (small	Comprehension
	-	group) participants will be assigned sections in guide and websites to report	Lessons Both lessons
	proficiency.	back information and how they would use this.	will focus on vocabulary
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using case study data of an ELL,	and comprehension
		teachers will explain the second language acquisition of English language	instruction. Instruction
		learners using current theories and identify evidence-based practices to	may include text being
		facilitate reading development based on the presented characteristics	read aloud (listening
	4.3 Understand and apply	Required Course Reading(s): Brown, J. E., Sanford, A. (2011). RTI for English	comprehension) or
	current theories of second	Language Learners: Appropriately Screening and Progress Monitoring to	students reading text
	language acquisition to	Improve Instructional Outcomes. National Center on Response to	orally or silently. This
	differentiate reading	Intervention. https://mtss4success.org/resource/rti-english-language-	lesson will center
	-	learners-appropriately-using-screening-and-progress-monitoring-tools	around one text. That
	instruction for English	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: : Teachers will watch	text will be used to
	learners of diverse	videos from IRIS module on 2 nd language acquisition. Discuss methods for	select specific target
	backgrounds and various levels of prior education.	differentiation for a learner based on social and academic language	vocabulary and to teach
		presented:	, a comprehension
		https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/ell/cresource/q1/p02/#content;	strategy or lead a
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using case study data of an ELL,	discussion to ensure
		teachers will explain the second language acquisition of English language	comprehension (i.e.,
		teachers will explain the second language acquisition of English language	

	learners using current theories and identify evidence-based practices to	interactive discussion
	facilitate reading development based on the presented characteristics.	about text including
		Socratic seminars or
4.4 Identify factors	Required Course Reading(s): Catts, H.W., Adlof, S.M., & Weismer, S. E.	questioning the author,
impeding student reading	(2006). Language deficits in poor comprehenders: A case for the Simple	etc.). Selected
development in each of	View of Reading. Journal of Speech, Language, and Hearing Research, 49,	instructional practices
the reading components	278-293. Brown, J. E., Sanford, A. (2011). RTI for English Language Learners:	must be designed to (1)
or the integration of these	Appropriately Screening and Progress Monitoring to Improve Instructional	develop higher order
components based on	Outcomes. National Center on Response to Intervention.	thinking (e.g., inference
informal and formal	https://mtss4success.org/resource/rti-english-language-learners-	making, integration of
assessments.	appropriately-using-screening-and-progress -monitoring-tools;	information) and (2)
assessments.	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Using Scarborough's	conceptual
	Reading Rope and Simple View of Reading, participants will use scenario	understanding of words
	provided with student data and information to discuss implications these	that goes beyond
	two elements have when informing instruction., Watch a video identifying	labeling a word (e.g.,
	factors that impact reading development and discuss in the terms of the	relationships between
	Simple View of Reading. <u>https://institute.aimpa.org/resources/teachable-</u>	words/concepts;
	moments/teachablemomentdisplay/~board/institute-trainings/post/dr-	function of words).
	louise-spear-swerling	Lesson Plan Reflections
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Click or tap here to enter	Reflection 1: A 2-page
	text. Using case study data assessing each of the reading components,	double spaced
	teachers will identify the language, cognitive and developmental skills of	reflection on the first
	learners and how these skills impact reading performance. Teachers will	word recognition and
	make research-based instructional recommendations based on provided	fluency lesson and the
	data including: oral language skills, phonological/ phonemic awareness,	first vocabulary and
	phonics, fluency, vocabulary and comprehension.	comprehension lesson.
4.5 Recognize how	Required Course Reading(s): Adlof, S.M., & Weismer, S. E. (2006). Language	In the reflection include
characteristics of both	deficits in poor comprehenders: A case for the Simple View of Reading.	the following: 1. A
language and cognitive	Journal of Speech, Language, and Hearing Research, 49, 278-293	research-based
development impact		rationale for the

reading proficiency to	APM Reports: Hard to Read	instructional
differentiate instruction.	https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard-to-read	procedures selected. 2.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Using this article along	Data collected from the
	with the Simple View of Reading and Reading Rope, participants will discuss	progress monitoring
	the direct tie between these components and comprehension of text.	assessments. Respond
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Participants will create a flow	to the following
	chart indicating how a deficiency in one of these areas impacts reading	questions: 1. To what
	proficiency and the impact this would have when differentiating instruction.	extent did students
4.6 Recognize the	Required Course Reading(s): The Simple View of Reading;	meet the identified
characteristics of	https://www.readingrockets.org/article/simple-view-reading article and	objectives? 2. Based on
competent and skilled	video series	the progress
readers to differentiate	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants engage in the	monitoring data, how
instruction more	learning discussion using these resources to articulate how this "view"	will you differentiate
effectively.	identifies characteristics of "skilled readers" and how the implication this	instruction in your next
enectively.	has when differentiating instruction.	pair of lessons?
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using provided scenario and	Reflection 2: A 2-page
	Reading Rope graphic from article, participants will list the areas that the	double spaced
	student is demonstrating skill or competence and the implication this has	reflection on the
	when planning for differentiation.	second word
4.7 Compare language,	Required Course Reading(s): Castle, A., Rastle, K., & Nation, K. (2018).	recognition and fluency
reading and cognitive	Ending the reading wars: Reading acquisition from novice to expert.	lesson and the second
development of different	Psychological Science in Public Interest, 19, 5-51. Honig, B., Diamond, L., &	vocabulary and
age groups (primary,	Gutlohn, L. (2018). CORE: Teaching reading sourcebook (Updated 3rd ed.)	comprehension lesson.
intermediate, secondary	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Participants will engage in	In the reflection include
levels) and abilities to	readings and discussions focused on developmental levels and continuums	the following: 1. A
	for learning. Teachers will view videos of reading development at different	research-based
inform differentiated	stages and compare language, cognitive and reading acquisition of the	rationale for the
instruction.	represented age groups.	instructional
	https://www.greatschools.org/gk/category/milestones-subjects/reading/	procedures selected. 2.
		Data collected from the

Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using case study data assessing	progress monitoring
each of the reading components, teachers will identify the language,	assessments. Respond
cognitive and developmental skills of learners and how these skills impact	to the following
reading performance. Teachers will make research-based instructional	questions: 1. To what
recommendations based on provided data including: oral language skills,	extent did students
phonological/ phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary and	meet the identified
comprehension.	objectives? 2. Based on
	the progress
	monitoring data, how
	will you differentiate
	instruction in your
	future lessons?

4.8 Select and use developmentally	Required Course Reading(s): What is Multi-Sensory	
appropriate multisensory materials	Instruction:	
that address students' strengths and	https://www.understood.org/en/articles/multisensory-	
needs in order to differentiate	instruction-what-you-need-to-know and related articles	
instruction.	on teaching implications	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers will analyze videos to identify evidence-based	
	practices and methods used to differentiate (e.g., make	
	instruction more explicit, create additional opportunities	
	for practice, affirmative and corrective feedback,	
	opportunities for skill transfer, etc.) for ELLs, students	
	performing below expected levels, and children with	
	identified disabilities. Teachers will use tools from sites	
	on differentiation to guide their critiques including	
	National Center for Improving Literacy -	
	https://improvingliteracy.org/ and The National Center	
	on Intensive Intervention -	
	https://intensiveintervention.org/	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Throughout	
	the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons	
	they created and implemented to include methods to	
	differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners	
	with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with	
	504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based	
	practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory	
	materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill,	
	opportunities to build comprehension through higher	
	order thinking, building background knowledge, and	
	writing). They will explain how they will continue to	

	monitor progress to inform their planning. Click or tap here to enter text.	
4.9 Plan for differentiated instruction that utilizes increasingly complex text , embeds assessment, includes scaffolding and provides re- teaching when necessary for individuals and small groups.	Required Course Reading(s):): Vaughn, S., Gersten, R., Dimino, J., Taylor, M. J., Newman-Gonchar, R., Krowka, S., Kieffer, M. J., McKeown, M., Reed, D., Sanchez, M., St. Martin, K., Wexler, J., Morgan, S., Yañez, A., & Jayanthi, M. (2022). Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9. Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of	
	Education. Retrieved from https://whatworks.ed.gov/ Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will watch a video documenting on how to plan for differentiation based on data: <u>https://dwwlibrary.wested.org/resources/360</u> Teachers will identify assessments they can use in their classrooms to plan to differentiate instruction. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will design a plan to assess students in their classroom to plan lessons addressing the components of reading	
4.10 Differentiate reading instruction for English learners across various levels of literacy development in their first language.	Required Course Reading(s): Brown, J. E., Sanford, A.(2011). RTI for English Language Learners: AppropriatelyScreening and Progress Monitoring to ImproveInstructional Outcomes. National Center on Response toIntervention. https://mtss4success.org/resource/rti-english-language-learners-appropriately-using-screening-and-progress -monitoring-tools;https://www.colorincolorado.org/ell-basics/ell-resources-grade	

Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will analyze videos to identify evidence-based practices and methods used to differentiate (e.g., make instruction more evaluation and differentiate (e.g., make
practices and methods used to differentiate (e.g., make
instruction more evolutional analytical energy in the second evolution of the second evolution evolution of the second evolution of the second evolution of the second evolution of the second evolution e
instruction more explicit, create additional opportunities
for practice, affirmative and corrective feedback,
opportunities for skill transfer, etc.) for ELLs, students
performing below expected levels, and children with
identified disabilities. Teachers will use tools from sites
on differentiation to guide their critiques including
National Center for Improving Literacy -
https://improvingliteracy.org/ and The National Center
on Intensive Intervention -
https://intensiveintervention.org/
Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using case
study data of an ELL, teachers will explain the second
language acquisition of English language learners using
current theories and identify evidence-based practices to
facilitate reading development based on the presented
characteristics.
4.11 Implement evidence-based Required Course Reading(s): Snowling, M. J., Hulme, C.,
intervention practices for students & Nation, K. (2020). Defining and understanding dyslexia:
with substantial reading difficulties, Past, present and future. Oxford Review of Education,
including those who exhibit the 46, 501-513; Vaughn, S., Gersten, R., Dimino, J., Taylor,
characteristics of dyslexia . M. J., Newman-Gonchar, R., Krowka, S., Kieffer, M. J.,
McKeown, M., Reed, D., Sanchez, M., St. Martin, K.,
Wexler, J., Morgan, S., Yañez, A., & Jayanthi, M. (2022).
Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades
4–9. Washington, DC: National Center for Education
Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of
Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education.

	Retrieved from https://whatworks.ed.gov/Reports ; Hard	
	to Read	
	https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard-	
	<u>to-read</u>	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers will analyze videos to identify evidence-based	
	practices and methods used to differentiate (e.g., make	
	instruction more explicit, create additional opportunities	
	for practice, affirmative and corrective feedback,	
	opportunities for skill transfer, etc.) for ELLs, students	
	performing below expected levels, and children with	
	identified disabilities. Teachers will use tools from sites	
	on differentiation to guide their critiques including	
	National Center for Improving Literacy -	
	https://improvingliteracy.org/ and The National Center	
	on Intensive Intervention -	
	https://intensiveintervention.org/	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Throughout	
	the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons	
	they created and implemented to include methods to	
	differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners	
	with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with	
	504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based	
	practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory	
	materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill,	
	opportunities to build comprehension through higher	
	order thinking, building background knowledge, and	
	writing). They will explain how they will continue to	
	monitor progress to inform their planning.	

4.12 Scaffold instruction and	Required Course Reading(s): Vaughn, S., Gersten, R.,	
intensify interventions for stude	nts Dimino, J., Taylor, M. J., Newman-Gonchar, R., Krowka,	
with identified reading deficience	ies S., Kieffer, M. J., McKeown, M., Reed, D., Sanchez, M., St.	
and characteristics of dyslexia in	Martin K Maylar L Margan C Vañaz A 9 Javanthi	
each of the components of read	M (2022) Providing Panding Interventions for Students	
each of the components of read	in Grades 4–9. Washington, DC: National Center for	
	Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE),	
	Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of	
	Education. Retrieved from	
	https://whatworks.ed.gov/Reports; Hard to Read	
	https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard-	
	to-read; APM Reports: Hard to Read	
	https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard-	
	to-read	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers will watch clips from the National Center on	
	Improving Literacy Tutorial on Reading Instruction for	
	Students with Dyslexia:	
	https://improvingliteracy.org/kit/reading-instruction-	
	students-dyslexia Teachers will explain methods for	
	differentiation for this population of learners for all	
	components of reading.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Click or tap	
	here to enter text. Throughout the course, teachers will	
	share and reflect on lessons they created and	
	implemented to include methods to differentiate for a	
	variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and	
	other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They	
	will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated	
	in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple	

4.13 Implement a classroom level plan for monitoring student reading progress and differentiating instruction for all students, including students with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia .	opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will continue to monitor progress to inform their planning. Required Course Reading(s): Snowling, M. J., Hulme, C., & Nation, K. (2020). Defining and understanding dyslexia: Past, present and future. <i>Oxford Review of Education, 46</i> , 501-513.; IRIS Module: Intensive Intervention (Part 2): Collecting and Analyzing Data for Data-Based Individualization; APM Reports: https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard- to-read Hard to Read Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will watch clips from the National Center on Improving Literacy Tutorial on Reading Instruction for Students with Dyslexia: https://improvingliteracy.org/kit/reading-instruction- students-dyslexia Teachers will explain methods for differentiation for this population of learners for all components of reading Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Throughout the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons they created and implemented to include methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners
	they created and implemented to include methods to

and a set of the set of				
4.14 Monitor student progress and use data to differentiate instruction for all students, including students with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia. Required Course Reading(s): Snowling, M. J., Hulme, C., & Nation, K. (2020). Defining and understanding dyslexia: Past, present and future. <i>Oxford Review of Education, 46,</i> 501-513.; IRIS Module: Intensive Intervention (Part 2): Collecting and Analyzing Data for Data-Based Individualization; APM Reports: Hard to Read https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard- to-read Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will watch a video documenting on how to plan for differentiation based on data: https://dwwlibrary.wested.org/resources/360 Teachers will identify assessments they can use in their classrooms to plan to differentiate instruction. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will share and reflect on lessons they implemented Throughout the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons they created and implemented to include methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with dyslexia of their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			order thinking, building background knowledge, and	
 4.14 Monitor student progress and use data to differentiate instruction for all students, including students with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia. 8.00102100000000000000000000000000000000			writing). They will explain how they will continue to	
 use data to differentiate instruction for all students, including students with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia. 8. Nation, K. (2020). Defining and understanding dyslexia: Past, present and future. Oxford Review of Education, 46, 501-513.; IRIS Module: Intensive Intervention (Part 2): Collecting and Analyzing Data for Data-Based Individualization; APM Reports: Hard to Read https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard- to-read Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will watch a video documenting on how to plan for differentiatie based on data: https://dwwlibrary.wested.org/resources/360 Teachers will identify assessments they can use in their classrooms to plan to differentiate instruction. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will share and reflect on lessons they implemented Throughout the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons they created and implemented to include methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will 			monitor progress to inform their planning.	
for all students, including students with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia.Past, present and future. Oxford Review of Education, 46, 501-513; IRIS Module: Intensive Intervention (Part 2): Collecting and Analyzing Data for Data-Based Individualization; APM Reports: Hard to Read https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard- to-readCurriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will watch a video documenting on how to plan for differentiation based on data: https://dwwlibrary.wested.org/resources/360 Teachers will identify assessments they can use in their classrooms to plan to differentiate instruction.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will share and reflect on lessons they implemented Throughout the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons they created and implemented to include methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will		4.14 Monitor student progress and	Required Course Reading(s): Snowling, M. J., Hulme, C.,	
Solution of the second secon		use data to differentiate instruction	& Nation, K. (2020). Defining and understanding dyslexia:	
with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia.		for all students, including students	Past, present and future. Oxford Review of Education, 46,	
Collecting and halvzing Data for Data-Based Individualization; APM Reports: Hard to Read Individualization; APM Reports: Hard to Read Intips://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard- to-read Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will watch a video documenting on how to plan for differentiation based on data: Inttps://dwwlibrary.wested.org/resources/360 Teachers will identify assessments they can use in their classrooms to plan to differentiate instruction. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will share and reflect on lessons they implemented Throughout the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons they created and implemented to include methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will		· _	501-513.; IRIS Module: Intensive Intervention (Part 2):	
dyslexia. Individualization; APM Reports: Hard to Read https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard-to-read Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teachers will watch a video documenting on how to plan for differentiation based on data: https://dwwlibrary.wested.org/resources/360 Teachers will identify assessments they can use in their classrooms to plan to differentiate instruction. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will share and reflect on lessons they implemented Throughout the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons they created and implemented to include methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will		_	Collecting and Analyzing Data for Data-Based	
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Teachers will watch a video documenting on how to plan for differentiation based on data: https://dwwlibrary.wested.org/resources/360 Teachers will identify assessments they can use in their classrooms to plan to differentiate instruction.Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will share and reflect on lessons they implemented Throughout the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons they created and implemented to include methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			<u>to-read</u>	
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 will identify assessments they can use in their classrooms to plan to differentiate instruction. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will share and reflect on lessons they implemented Throughout the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons they created and implemented to include methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will 			for differentiation based on data:	
to plan to differentiate instruction. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will share and reflect on lessons they implemented Throughout the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons they created and implemented to include methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			https://dwwlibrary.wested.org/resources/360 Teachers	
Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Teachers will share and reflect on lessons they implementedThroughout the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons they created and implemented to include methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			will identify assessments they can use in their classrooms	
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lessons they created and implemented to include methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			share and reflect on lessons they implemented	
methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			Throughout the course, teachers will share and reflect on	
ELL, learners with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			lessons they created and implemented to include	
learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			methods to differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e.,	
evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			ELL, learners with dyslexia and other reading disabilities,	
(i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the	
apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons	
through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			(i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to	
knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will			apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension	
			through higher order thinking, building background	
continue to monitor progress to inform their planning.			knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will	
			continue to monitor progress to inform their planning.	

4.15 Implement evid	ence-based	Required Course Reading(s): Vaughn, S., Gersten, R.,	
practices for develop	ing students'	Dimino, J., Taylor, M. J., Newman-Gonchar, R., Krowka,	
higher order thinking	as part of	S., Kieffer, M. J., McKeown, M., Reed, D., Sanchez, M., St.	
differentiated instru		Martin, K., Wexler, J., Morgan, S., Yañez, A., & Jayanthi,	
		M. (2022). Providing Reading Interventions for Students	
		in Grades 4–9. Washington, DC: National Center for	
		Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE),	
		Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of	
		Education. Retrieved from	
		https://whatworks.ed.gov/Reports; Hard to Read	
		https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard-	
		to-read; APM Reports: Hard to Read	
		https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard-	
		to-read	
		Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level:	
		Teachers will analyze videos to identify evidence-based	
		practices and methods used to differentiate (e.g., make	
		instruction more explicit, create additional opportunities	
		for practice, affirmative and corrective feedback,	
		opportunities for skill transfer, etc.) for ELLs, students	
		performing below expected levels, and children with	
		identified disabilities. Teachers will use tools from sites	
		on differentiation to guide their critiques including	
		National Center for Improving Literacy -	
		https://improvingliteracy.org/ and The National Center	
		on Intensive Intervention -	
		https://intensiveintervention.org/	
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Throughout	
		the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons	
		they created and implemented to include methods to	

4.16 Implement evidence-based practices for developing students' background knowledge as needed through differentiated instruction, enhancing the ability to read critically.	 differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build comprehension through higher order thinking, building background knowledge, and writing). They will explain how they will continue to monitor progress to inform their planning. Required Course Reading(s): Vaughn, S., Gersten, R., Dimino, J., Taylor, M. J., Newman-Gonchar, R., Krowka, S., Kieffer, M. J., McKeown, M., Reed, D., Sanchez, M., St. Martin, K., Wexler, J., Morgan, S., Yañez, A., & Jayanthi, M. (2022). Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9. Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from https://whatworks.ed.gov/Reports; Hard to Read https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard-to-read/Click or tap here to enter text. Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Teacher will watch a video on the importance of and how to build background knowledge from the AIM institute: https://institute.aimpa.org/resources/pathways-to-practice/pathways-to-practice-resources/background-knowledge Teachers will discuss how they can 	
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incorporate strategies to build background knowledge in	
their lessons.	
Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Throughout	
the course, teachers will share and reflect on lessons	
they created and implemented to include methods to	
differentiate for a variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners	
with dyslexia and other reading disabilities, learners with	
504 plans). They will reflect on the evidence-based	
practices incorporated in their lessons (i.e., multisensory	
materials, multiple opportunities to apply a new skill,	
opportunities to build comprehension through higher	
order thinking, building background knowledge, and	
writing). They will explain how they will continue to	
monitor progress to inform their planning.	

4.17 Implement evidence-based	Required Course Reading(s): Vaughn, S., Gersten, R.,	
differentiated instructional practices	Dimino, J., Taylor, M. J., Newman-Gonchar, R., Krowka,	
using writing to develop students'	S., Kieffer, M. J., McKeown, M., Reed, D., Sanchez, M., St.	
comprehension of text.	Martin, K., Wexler, J., Morgan, S., Yañez, A., & Jayanthi,	
	M. (2022). Providing Reading Interventions for Students	
	in Grades 4–9. Washington, DC: National Center for	
	Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE),	
	Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of	
	Education. Retrieved from	
	https://whatworks.ed.gov/Reports; Hard to Read	
	https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard-	
	to-read; APM Reports: Hard to Read	
	https://www.apmreports.org/episode/2017/09/11/hard-	
	<u>to-read</u>	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level:	
	Teachers will watch a video on the importance of	
	incorporating writing:	
	https://institute.aimpa.org/resources/teachable-	
	moments/teachablemomentdisplay/~board/institute-	
	trainings/post/dr-charlie-w-haynes Teachers will reflect	
	on ways they can incorporate writing in their lessons.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Click or tap	
	here to enter text. Throughout the course, teachers will	
	share and reflect on lessons they created and	
	implemented to include methods to differentiate for a	
	variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and	
	other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They	
	will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated	
	in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple	
	opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build	

	comprehension through higher order thinking, building
	background knowledge, and writing). They will explain
	how they will contrue to monitor progress to inform
	their planning.
4.18 Implement appropriate and	Required Course Reading(s): Bureau of Exceptional
	Education and Student Services (BEESS), Division of
allowable instructional	Public Schools, Florida Department of Education,
accommodations, including use of	http://fldoe.org/academics/exceptionalstudent-
technology, as specified in the	edu/beess-resources/presentations-pubsClick or tap
Individual Educational Plan or 504	here to enter text.
Plan when differentiating reading	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: While
instruction for students with	implementing one or more lessons, participants are to
disabilities, including students with	plan and provide allowable accommodations to students
characteristics of dyslexia .	that have an IEP or 504 plan. Instructional plan is to
	outline these accommodations and any additional
	supports or materials needed while teaching.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Click or tap
	here to enter text. Throughout the course, teachers will
	share and reflect on lessons they created and
	implemented to include methods to differentiate for a
	variety of learners (i.e., ELL, learners with dyslexia and
	other reading disabilities, learners with 504 plans). They
	will reflect on the evidence-based practices incorporated
	in their lessons (i.e., multisensory materials, multiple
	opportunities to apply a new skill, opportunities to build
	comprehension through higher order thinking, building
	background knowledge, and writing). They will explain
	how they will continue to monitor progress to inform
	their planning.

Competency 5 Introduction

Teachers will, through a culminating practicum, demonstrate knowledge of the components of reading, as well as assessments and data analysis, to implement a comprehensive evidence-based reading plan of instruction for all students. Teachers will engage in the systematic problem-solving process to identify characteristics of conditions such as dyslexia, provide appropriate interventions and conduct effective progress monitoring. (60 In-service hours)

Competency 5 Demonstration of Accomplishment			
Course Number & Name of Course	Indicator Code with Specific Indicator Language	Curriculum Study Assignment(s) at Indicator Level with Built-in Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
01-013-010	5.1 Demonstrate ability to administer and integrate assessment, instruction, intervention and differentiation across the components in reading in a comprehensive instructional program.	 Required Course Reading(s): Click or tap here to enter text.CEEDAR Center (2020). Improving Instruction, Accessibility, and Outcomes Online Module. Retrieved from https://ceedar.education.ufl.edu/mtssudldi-professional- development-module/ Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Candidates will review how to administer pre- and post-test assessments and how to use the data to inform instruction and differentiation; they will review how to administer ongoing progress monitoring assessments, including, but not limited to, using curriculum-based measures. After candidates have reviewed administration procedures, they will practice a round of pre- assessment implementation with peers before formal assessment administration in the field. 	Summary of Culminating Project- <u>Data-Based</u> <u>Instructional Plan (DIP)</u> This is a culminating, multicomponent assignment. To complete this assignment, participants will complete the following: DIP Part A) Class-Level Data Collection Participants will collect class- level progress-monitoring
		Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Candidates will reflect on their sample data analysis and pre-assessment	data to assess all 5 areas of reading using tools

	administration with peers through small group discussion and	appropriate for their
	a written reflection summary. Upon receiving feedback from	practicum setting (K-12). The
	their small group discussion and/or written feedback,	plan will include initial
	candidates implement their own round of assessment in the K	assessment of the whole class
	– 12 classrooms, as part of their data-based instructional plan	(e.g., most recent benchmark
	requirements.Click or tap here to enter text.	data and WIDA proficiency
5.2 Use assessment and data	Required Course Reading(s): Recommendations 1 & 2:	report). Candidates are
analysis to monitor student		expected to gather all student
progress and inform	Hamilton, L., Halverson, R., Jackson, S., Mandinach, E.,	data and information.
instruction over time to	Supovitz, J., & Wayman, J. (2009). Using student	
ensure an increase in learning	achievement data to support instructional decision making	DIP Part B) Ongoing
	(NCEE 2009-4067). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance, Institute of	Instruction and Assessment
for all students, including	Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance, institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education.	Plan for Below Expectation
students with identified	Retrieved from	Students and/or English
reading deficiencies and	http://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/publications/practiceguides/.	Language Learners
those with characteristics of		Participants will create an
dyslexia.	Petscher, Y., Fien, H., Stanley, C., Gearin, B., Gaab, N., Fletcher,	Ongoing Instruction and
	J.M., & Johnson, E. (2019). Screening for Dyslexia. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and	Assessment Plan to include
	Secondary Education, Office of Special Education Programs,	
	National Center on Improving Literacy. Retrieved from	ongoing progress monitoring for students who are found to
	improvingliteracy.org.	
		be performing below
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Candidates will	expectations (e.g., DIBELS,
	analyze sample benchmark data, as well as sample progress	AIMSWEB, easyCBM based
	monitoring data and their corresponding scores before	upon area of need). To
	analyzing assessment data collected from the students in the K	accomplish this task,
	– 12 classrooms to inform instruction.	participants will become
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: : Candidates will	familiar with curriculum-
	reflect upon their sample data analysis through small group	based screening measures
	discussion and a written reflection summary. Upon receiving	(e.g., DIBELS, AIMSWeb,
	feedback from their small group discussion and/or written	

	feedback, candidates analyze their own data collected from the K – 12 classroom in their data-based instructional plan.	easyCBM) and informal reading inventories (e.g., Qualitative Reading
5.3 Demonstrate evidence- based practices for developing oral/ aural language development for all students, including students with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia .	Required Course Reading(s): Recommendation 2: Integrate oral and written English language instruction. Baker, S., Lesaux, N., Jayanthi, M., Dimino, J., Proctor, C. P., Morris, J., Gersten, R., Haymond, K., Kieffer, M. J., Linan- Thompson, S., & Newman-Gonchar, R. (2014). Teaching academic content and literacy to English learners in elementary and middle school (NCEE 2014-4012). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from the NCEE website: http://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/publications_reviews.aspx Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Through collaborative conversations, candidates will identify evidence- based instructional practices for developing oral/aural language (e.g., authentic talk, structured debates, repeated readings, oral language fluency development activities) appropriate for use in their K-12 classrooms. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Candidates will design and implement a lesson that focuses on building students' oral/aural language and includes adaptations for ELLs and learners with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia.	Inventory, Analytical Reading Inventory, or Basic Reading Inventory). Teacher candidates will identify methods to support ELLs and students with identified disabilities in their progress- monitoring plan to ensure testing accurately assesses reading skills. a. Using class-level data, participants identified groups of students who require additional instruction/support. b. the participant administered various pre-assessments (targeting skills found within the five main pillars of reading instruction) in order to identify specific
 5.4 Demonstrate evidence- based practices for developing students' phonological awareness and 	Required Course Reading(s): Recommendation 2: Develop awareness of the segments of sounds in speech Foorman, B., Beyler, N., Borradaile, K., Coyne, M., Denton, C. A., Dimino, J., Furgeson, J., Hayes, L., Henke, J., Justice, L.,	area(s) of need for the students. c. pre-assessments have been completed, the

phonemic awareness for all students, including students with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia.	 Keating, B., Lewis, W., Sattar, S., Streke, A., Wagner, R., & Wissel, S. (2016). Foundational skills to support reading for understanding in kindergarten through 3rd grade (NCEE 2016-4008). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from the NCEE website: http://whatworks.ed.gov. Recommendation 4: Provide small-group instructional intervention to students struggling in areas of literacy Baker, S., Lesaux, N., Jayanthi, M., Dimino, J., Proctor, C. P., Morris, J., Gersten, R., Haymond, K., Kieffer, M. J., Linan- Thompson, S., & Newman-Gonchar, R. (2014). Teaching academic content and literacy to English learners in elementary and middle school (NCEE 2014-4012). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from the NCEE website: Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Through collaborative conversations, candidates will identify evidence- based instructional practices for developing phonological awareness (e.g., Elkonin boxes, syllable clapping, tapping sounds, LIPs Program) appropriate for use in their K-12 classrooms. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Candidates will design and implement a lesson that includes intentional explicit, systematic, and sequential writing instruction for developing phonological awareness, as well as adaptations for ELLs and learners with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia. 	 participants are using the class-level data and pre-test results to identify methods and instructional recommendations to support ELL and students with identified disabilities in their progress- monitoring plan to ensure that testing accurately assesses reading skills. DIP Part C) Implementation Plan for Target Students Participants will submit their instructional lesson plan draft and they are expected to provide a minimum of 5-8 lessons to the target student in order to gather sufficient information to complete the Data Based Instructional Plan assignment. It is likely that the participant will provide more instruction over the course of the semester.
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5.5 Demonstrate evidence- based practices for developing phonics skills and word recognition for all students, including students with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia .	 Required Course Reading(s): Recommendation 3: Teach students to decode words, analyze word parts, and write and recognize words Foorman, B., Beyler, N., Borradaile, K., Coyne, M., Denton, C. A., Dimino, J., Furgeson, J., Hayes, L., Henke, J., Justice, L., Keating, B., Lewis, W., Sattar, S., Streke, A., Wagner, R., & Wissel, S. (2016). Foundational skills to support reading for understanding in kindergarten through 3rd grade (NCEE 2016-4008). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from the NCEE website: http://whatworks.ed.gov. Recommendation 1: Build students' decoding skills so they can read complex multisyllabic words Vaughn, S., Gersten, R., Dimino, J., Taylor, M. J., Newman-Gonchar, R., Krowka, S., Kieffer, M. J., McKeown, M., Reed, D., Sanchez, M., St. Martin, K., Wexler, J., Morgan, S., Yañez, A., & Jayanthi, M. (2022). Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9 (WWC 2022007). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from the sciences for Students in Grades 4–9 (WWC 2022007). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from https://washington.pdf 	Lessons will incorporate a plan for ongoing progress monitoring and data based instructional decisions. Teacher candidates will submit a final reflection on the implementation of their plan and identify any changes they would make to support all learners including ELLs and students with identified disabilities. Teacher candidates will reflect on accommodations for learners in the practicum setting with 504 plans and/or IEPs. <i>DIP Part D) Report on Final Results Techniques for Data</i> <i>Analysis</i> Participants will discuss post- test assessment results and determine the learning gains
	Vaughn, S., Gersten, R., Dimino, J., Taylor, M. J., Newman-	504 plans and/or IEPs.
	Gonchar, R., Krowka, S., Kieffer, M. J., McKeown, M., Reed, D.,	
	Jayanthi, M. (2022). Providing Reading Interventions for	
		•
		Participants will discuss post-
		test assessment results and
	=	
	https://whatworks.ed.gov/	and skills mastered by each
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Through	student. Teacher candidates
	collaborative conversations, candidates will identify evidence-	will discuss the further
	based instructional practices for developing phonics skills (e.g.,	instructional
	tactile letters, letter tiles, sky writing, phonics phones, and	recommendations and
	phonics programs) appropriate for use in their K-12	subsequent instructional
	classrooms.	

	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Click or tap here to enter text.Candidates will design and implement a lesson that includes intentional explicit, systematic, and sequential writing instruction to improve decoding skills, as well as adaptations for ELLs and learners with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia.	needs and potential additional interventions.
5.6 Demonstrate evidence- based practices for developing reading fluency and reading endurance for all students, including students identified with reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia .	Required Course Reading(s): Recommendation 4: Ensure that each student reads connected text every day to support reading accuracy, fluency, and comprehension. all Foorman, B., Beyler, N., Borradaile, K., Coyne, M., Denton, C. A., Dimino, J., Furgeson, J., Hayes, L., Henke, J., Justice, L., Keating, B., Lewis, W., Sattar, S., Streke, A., Wasmen, P., & Wienel, S. (2016). Foundational shills to the second statement of the second	
	Recommendation 2: Provide purposeful fluency-building activities Vaughn, S., Gersten, R., Dimino, J., Taylor, M. J., Newman- Gonchar, R., Krowka, S., Kieffer, M. J., McKeown, M., Reed, D., Sanchez, M., St. Martin, K., Wexler, J., Morgan, S., Yañez, A., & Jayanthi, M. (2022). Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9 (WWC 2022007). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S.	

	Department of Education. Retrieved from	
	https://whatworks.ed.gov/	
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Through	
	collaborative conversations, candidates will identify evidence-	
	based instructional practices for developing fluency and	
	reading endurance (e.g., repeated reading, readers theatre)	
	appropriate for use in their K-12 classrooms.	
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Candidates will design	
	and implement a lesson that targets instructional strategies for	
	building reading fluency and includes adaptations for ELLs and	
	learners with identified reading deficiencies and those with	
	characteristics of dyslexia.	
5.7 Demonstrate evidence-	Required Course Reading(s): Recommendation 1: Teach	
based practices for	students academic language skills, including the use of	
developing both academic	inferential and narrative language, and vocabulary knowledge.	
and domain-specific vocabulary for all students, including students with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia .	 Foorman, B., Beyler, N., Borradaile, K., Coyne, M., Denton, C. A., Dimino, J., Furgeson, J., Hayes, L., Henke, J., Justice, L., Keating, B., Lewis, W., Sattar, S., Streke, A., Wagner, R., & Wissel, S. (2016). Foundational skills to support reading for understanding in kindergarten through 3rd grade (NCEE 2016-4008). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from the NCEE website: http://whatworks.ed.gov. Recommendation 1: Teach a set of academic vocabulary words 	
	intensively across	
	Baker, S., Lesaux, N., Jayanthi, M., Dimino, J., Proctor, C. P., Morris, J., Gersten, R., Haymond, K., Kieffer, M. J., Linan- Thompson, S., & Newman-Gonchar, R. (2014). Teaching	

	 based instructional practices for facilitating reading comprehension (e.g., predicting, summarizing, questioning, integrating, making inferences) in reading appropriate for use in their K - 12 classrooms. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Through collaborative conversations, candidates will identify evidence-based instructional practices for facilitating reading comprehension (e.g., predicting, summarizing, questioning, integrating, making inferences) in reading appropriate for use in their K - 12 classrooms. 	
5.9 Demonstrate evidence- based comprehension practices for developing students' higher order thinking to enhance comprehension for all students, including students with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia.	 Required Course Reading(s): Recommendation 3: Routinely use a set of comprehension-building practices Vaughn, S., Gersten, R., Dimino, J., Taylor, M. J., Newman-Gonchar, R., Krowka, S., Kieffer, M. J., McKeown, M., Reed, D., Sanchez, M., St. Martin, K., Wexler, J., Morgan, S., Yañez, A., & Jayanthi, M. (2022). Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9 (WWC 2022007). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from https://whatworks.ed.gov/ Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Through collaborative conversations, candidates will identify evidence-based instructional practices for developing students' higher order thinking to enhance comprehension (e.g., integrating, making inferences, making causal connections, semantic relationships) in reading appropriate for use in their K – 12 classrooms. 	

background knowledge to enhance the ability to read critically, including students with characteristics of reading difficulties and dyslexia.	Vaughn, S., Gersten, R., Dimino, J., Taylor, M. J., Newman- Gonchar, R., Krowka, S., Kieffer, M. J., McKeown, M., Reed, D., Sanchez, M., St. Martin, K., Wexler, J., Morgan, S., Yañez, A., & Jayanthi, M. (2022). Providing Reading Interventions for Students in Grades 4–9 (WWC 2022007). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from <u>https://whatworks.ed.gov/</u> Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Candidates will identify evidence-based instructional practices for developing all students' background knowledge to enhance the ability to read critically (e.g., perspective taking, questioning the author) within their K-12 classrooms. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Click or tap here to enter text.Candidates will design and implement a lesson that includes targeted instruction for developing students' background knowledge, as well as adaptations for ELLs and learners with identified reading deficiencies and those with characteristics of dyslexia	
5.12 Demonstrate differentiation of instruction for all students utilizing increasingly complex text .	Required Course Reading(s): Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3 rd Grade practice guide; Assisting Students Struggling with Reading: Response to Intervention and Multi-Tier Intervention in the Primary Grades practice guide; Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and Intervention practice guide Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Through collaborative conversation and given a variety of complex texts, candidates will identify methods to differentiate instruction to support learner integration of information from these texts.	

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5.14 Create an information	Required Course Reading(s): Suggested resources for creating
intensive environment that	intensive environment: - Literacy-Rich Environment
includes print, non-print,	https://www.readingrockets.org/article/literacy-rich-
multimedia and digital texts.	environments - Using Multimedia to Support Reading Instruction
	https://www.readingrockets.org/article/using-multimedia-
	support-reading-instruction
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Through
	collaborative conversations, candidates will identify a variety
	of print, non-print, multimedia and digital texts that plan to use
	within one, or more, of the lesson plans designed and
	implemented for their data-based instructional plan.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Candidates will
	implement a variety of print, non-print, multimedia, and digital
	texts within one, or more, of the lesson plans designed and
	implemented within the data-based instructional plan.
5.15 Use a variety of	Required Course Reading(s): Suggested resources for viewing
instructional practices to	instructional practices:
provide relevant and	Reference IES Practice Guides found within this
purposeful instruction to	competency
students in reading.	Suggested online source to access student activities:
	Florida Center for Reading Research: Student Center
	Activities; retrieved from https://fcrr.org/student- center-activities
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Candidates will
	identify instructional practices for use in their practicum
	placements (K-12) to motivate and engage all students in
	reading through small group discussion and/or written
	reflection.
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Candidates will
	identify and reflect on the benefits of implementing at least one
	instructional practice they plan to employ for each area of

	reading (i.e., oral language, phonological awareness, phonics,
	vocabulary, fluency, comprehension) in their data-based
	instructional plan through a small group discussion and
	written reflection. Considering the feedback given during the
	small group discussion and/or written reflection, candidates
	will then implement each strategy in their data-based
	instructional plan.
5.16 Demonstrate the ability	Required Course Reading(s): Reading Is Fundamental (RIF)
to engage and support	organization articles for parents on creating literacy-rich
caregivers and families in	environments in the home entitled, Creating a Reading
their children and	Environment at Home and Providing a Literacy-Rich Home
adolescents' reading	Environment. IES/ Supporting Family Involvement in Foundational
C	Reading Skills teacher guides for Kindergarten, first, second and
development.	third grade. Video and other supports provided; IES/Teaching
	Academic Content in Literacy to English Learners in Elementary
	and Middle School practice guide. HLP4: Use multiple sources
	of information to develop a comprehensive understanding of a
	student's strengths and needs.
	McLeskey, J., Barringer, M-D., Billingsley, B., Brownell,
	M., Jackson, D., Kennedy, M., Lewis, T., Maheady, L.,
	Rodriguez, J., Scheeler, M. C., Winn, J., & Ziegler, D.
	(2017, January). High-leverage practices in special
	education. Arlington, VA: Council for Exceptional
	Children & CEEDAR Center.
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: After one round
	of progress monitoring with their K – 12 targeted group of
	students, candidates will create a progress report for two of
	the students (i.e., a student who is an English language learner
	and a learner identified with a reading deficiency or one with
	characteristics of dyslexia) to share with each student's

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to wr rea stu	17 Demonstrate the ability communicate (orally and in riting) the meaning of ading assessment data with udents, caregivers, teachers ad teacher leaders.	caregiver. This progress report will include, but is not limited to, the following: Results from the preassessments, summaries of the implemented lessons, data from the progress monitoring, future targeted lessons, suggestions for how caregivers can support students' reading development, etc. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: The progress report will be scored according to a predetermined assessment measure (i.e., analytic or holistic rubric, checklist, etc.). Required Course Reading(s): HLP5: Interpret and communicate assessment information with stakeholders to collaboratively design and implement educational programs (pp. 45 – 47) McLeskey, J., Barringer, M-D., Billingsley, B., Brownell, M., Jackson, D., Kennedy, M., Lewis, T., Maheady, L., Rodriguez, J., Scheeler, M. C., Winn, J., & Ziegler, D. (2017, January). High-leverage practices in special education. Arlington, VA: Council for Exceptional Children & CEEDAR Center.	
		Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Candidates will prepare a case study report on two students from the K – 12 setting (i.e., a student who is an English language learner and a learner identified with a reading deficiency or one with characteristics of dyslexia). Upon preparing the report, candidates will participate in a mock parent/teacher conference, where they will deliver the assessment results to students and their caregivers.	
		Click or tap here to enter text. Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Using an informal assessment measure (e.g., checklist, rubric, anecdotal notes, etc.) to guide observation, candidates'	

	peers will observe mock parent/teacher conferences and
	provide feedback to the candidate(s) upon completion of the
	conference.
5.18 Demonstrate intentional	Required Course Reading(s): Baker, S., Lesaux, N., Jayanthi, M.,
explicit, systematic and	Dimino, J., Proctor, C. P., Morris, J., Gersten, R., Haymond, K.,
sequential writing instruction	Kieffer, M. J., Linan-Thompson, S., & Newman-Gonchar, R.
to improve decoding skills.	(2014). Teaching academic content and literacy to English
to improve decoding skins.	learners in elementary and middle school (NCEE 2014-4012).
	Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and
	Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences,
	U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from the NCEE
	website:
	http://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/publications_reviews.aspx
	Curriculum Study Assignment at Indicator Level: Using data
	collected from preassessments and progress monitoring
	measures, participants will identify evidence-based
	instructional practices, that include systematic writing
	strategies for developing decoding skills (e.g., in a phonological
	and/or phonics lesson) appropriate for use in their K-12
	classrooms
	Formative Assessment at Indicator Level: Candidates will
	design and implement a lesson plan that includes intentional
	explicit, systematic, and sequential writing instruction to
	improve decoding skills, as well as adaptations for ELLs and
	learners with identified reading deficiencies and those with
	characteristics of dyslexia.